FEBRUARY.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Companies; the Routes [illegible] Northern, Central,
WITH A LARGE MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed and Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,542—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1889.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts.
12 8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12 8
2 0 12 0		2 0 12 0
3 0 13 4	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palmer	3 0 13 4
2 0 15 0		2 0 15 0
0 15 0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafite	0 15 0
0 9 0 0		0 9 0 0

C. P. & Co.'s BORDEAUX HOUSE selection ranks as the finest in India.
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	Friday. 1889.
BL	BENGAL	4109	800	W. Barratt	22nd Feb.
*	ASSAM	3038	540	G. W. F. Browne	1st Mar.
BL	PENINSULAR	5593	1000	H. Wyatt	8th "
†	SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weigholl	15th "
BL	SHANNON	4149	800	C. R. Edwards	22nd "
BL	ORIENTAL	5503	1000	C. Stewart	29th "
*	ASSAM	3038	540	G. W. F. Browne.	29th "
BL	PEKIN	3960	600	P. Harris	5th Apr.
†	SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weigholl	12th "
BL	KAISER-I-HIND	5029	700	H. C. Brisco	19th "
*	ASSAM	3038	540	G. W. F. Browne	26th "
BL	GANGES	4236	800	J. J. Alderton	3rd May.
†	SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weigholl	10th "
BL	PENINSULAR	5593	1000	H. Wyatt	17th "
*	ASSAM	3038	540	G. W. F. Browne.	24th "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed direct to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
The steamer marked M.L. proceeds direct to Marseilles and London. Passengers for Brindisi change steamers at Aden.
* This vessel proceeds to Aden only.
In addition to the above, the following special steamers will be despatched to London calling at Marseilles and early application for accommodation is advisable.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On 1889.
BOMIARA	2935	500	W. J. Nantes	30th Apr.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the sleeping Cars.
A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On 1889.
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	2 th Feb.
NIZAM	2735	500	T. F. Creery	14th Mar.
CLYDE	4126	800	W. D. Mackie	28th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China, and Japan direct, every fortnight.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th January, 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.
FARES to all Ports of Italy Rs. 200, Rs. 350, and Rs. 1-5 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Bandbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will ply:—

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th Feb. '89.	20th Mar. 1889
MANILA	5,000	800	10th Mar. '89.	9th Apr. "
M. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st Apr. '89.	1st May "
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Apr. '89.	20th May "

PASSENGERS WILL EMBARK OR DISEMBARK AT GENOA ONLY.
THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey, via Genoa or Naples, At SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 30 and Rs. 10, respectively, inclusive of Wine. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG

Steamer.	To sail.
ORIENTO	On the 7th March, 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 15 h Feb. 1889.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

MONTHLY LINE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
FLAVIA	P. Merig	4,200	800	5th Mar.
A. PHRYGIE	L. Lomedich	4,600	650	5th April.
IMPERATRICE	C. Bechinger.	4,600	650	5th May.

A Surgeon and Steward on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 300	Rs. 200	Rs. 150
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 540	Rs. 360	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 25th, of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE DIRECT.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To Sail.
BELGRADO	F. Eggar	3,500	500	25th Mar.

STEAMERS TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To Sail on
MARIA CARLOTTA	F. Cossovich	4,200	600	10th Mar.
PANDORA	G. Costanzo	3,500	550	10th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakim, Jeddah, Suez, Port said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lomedich	4,600	650	15th Feb.
PANDORA	G. Costanzo	3,500	550	15th Mar.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 51, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 10th January, 1889.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
WERNETH HALL	T. H. S. Millard	1,103	400	13th Feb 1889.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

MERTON HALL	T. Hughes	1,103	300	28th March.
WERNETH HALL	T. H. S. Millard	1,103	0	8th May.
MERTON HALL	T. Hughes	1,103	300	11th June.

The 6 fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.
The following Cargo Steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess.

ASTON HALL	J. A. Hall	3,600	400	20th April 1889.
ALDEN HALL	S. Hughes	4,000	400	1st June "

For further particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th February, 1889.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ARMENIA	Geo. H. Read	3393	483	28th Feb. 1889.
PERSIA	R. Hutchison	3317	440	20th Mar.
ASIA	Wm. Russell	3393	483	1st May.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

HISPANIA	G. C. Boothby	3393	483	3rd April 1889.
ARABIA	L. Bird	3314	440	17th "
ROMANIA	C. Hilbert	3317	440	24th May.
ARCADIA	Geo. H. Read	3393	483	23rd "
PERSIA	R. Hutchison	3317	440	20th June.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every comfort for First-Class Passengers.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 27th December, 1888. Agents.

CHEAP PASSAGES HOMEWARD! 1888-9.

PASSAGES engaged by the P. AND O. AND ALL OTHER LINERS, at exceptional rates, and BERTHS secured.
PASSAGES to selected Non-Liners, with and without Doctor and Stewardess, to Continental and English ports, from Rs. 300.
No COMMISSION charged for any Outfitting Passages.
REGISTERS for BOOKING in advance, always kept.
RAIL TICKETS, COUPONS, and PULLMAN CAR BERTHS, arranged for promptly.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, SOVEREIGNS given at the best rates.
PACKAGES of any size, shape or weight, forwarded to any part or place in the world.
STORES, Military, Civil, Domestic, Medical, of every description, supplied cheaply.
INSURANCES effected at reasonable rates.

WILLIAM, WATSON, AND CO.,
Agents for the STANDARD LIFE AND ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES,
23, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,
27, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

HIS HIGHNESS THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR'S S. S. "NYANZA," 2,128 tons, Capt. SIMONS, will leave for Zanzibar on MONDAY, the 25th February, 1889. For Freight and Passage apply to
VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months, Re. 6 per month, in advance postage extra.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST PORTS.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on THURSDAY, 21st February, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie *en route* weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, at 11 a.m., on 18th February, after arrival of Outward English Mail, calling at Kirrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Basrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "ASIA," 1,080 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st February, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st February, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "HENZADA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 16th February.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S.S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about MONDAY, 18th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 13th February, 1889. Agents.

THE STAR LINE.

THE S.S. VESTA will sail for London about the 18th April. Accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at Reduced Fares. Apply to
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO GENOA & MARSEILLES.

THE S.S. CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander ALEX ANDERSON will leave BOMBAY for GENOA & MARSEILLES, on or about 5th March. This steamer has splendid accommodation for first-class passengers. The Saloon and Cabins are on the upper Deck and are fitted with very requisite for comfort. Only qualified Surgeon and Steward carried. Passengers can also be booked through to London (Overland from Genoa or Marseilles) and will be landed with their luggage at the Customs at Genoa or Marseilles free of charge.
For Rates of Passage, Cabin, Plan, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 13th Feb.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reference to Family Parties and Missionaries.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Stations.
Through Booking via Japan, America, &c.
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP & RAILWAY COMPANIES.

FULL information as to this route from Hongkong to Canada, America, and Europe, may be obtained from the Undersigned who have been appointed sub-Agents in Bombay, and will quote rates for Passage and Freight.
EWART LATHAM, & Co.

WRIST STRAP WATCHES.

INVALUABLE to CAVALRY OFFICERS, HORSEMEN, and those whose exercises are of an out door nature.
Solid Silver Keyless Watch in Yellow Leather Wrist Strap, Strong and Neat.
Rs. 32-8 Nett.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HURJEEMULL & Co.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS.

A CARD.—We have always in stock a large collection of INDIAN GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY, CASHMERE SHAWLS, PERSIAN CARPETS, INDIAN DHURIES and FOOLKARIES and other Indian Stuffs.
PRICES MODERATE.
TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.
ADDRESS: RAMPART ROW AND MEADOW STREET.
Bombay, 7th January, 1889.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY, ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, on most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM, and PANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in Indian Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would dual the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise to any period that may be agreed on. The charge have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in English or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 4. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Resstorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. Of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of testimonials.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE.

OWING to the increased loss in Exchange, a demand has arisen for a good, medium priced Champagne. The Company have therefore obtained a special cuvee for this purpose, which will be shipped as Treacher & Co.'s "Carte Blanche." It will be found fully up to our standard of excellence.
Price per dozen. Quarts, Rs. 52.
" " Pints " 29.
TREACHER & CO., Limited,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LAWN-TENNIS BALLS.

Best Waterproof Seamless, "Perfect." The best yet introduced. Regulation Size, per doz Rs. 12 8
Treacher's MATCH" Balls, best flannel covered undersewn. Regulation Size ..... per doz. 8 8
Treacher's "CHAMPION" Balls, best flannel covered undersewn ..... per doz. 9 0
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW PATENT
OPAQUE GLASS MEASURES
FOR DOMESTIC, DISPENSERS' AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' USE.

THE advantage of these Measures over those of Plain Glass consists in their being made of Pure White Enamel Tubing, with the Divisions and Figures Fired on in indelible black. They can therefore be read with the greatest ease in any light.
Domestic Measures Rs. 1-4 to 2.
Medical Measures Rs. 1-2 to Rs. 3-8.
PHILLIPS and Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

! RS. 10 ONLY !
HANDSOME GOLD RINGS,

SET with a SINGLE DIAMOND, (Manufactured in England) in the Highest Style of Art. These Stones for LUSTRE and BEAUTY, EQUAL THE FINEST GEMS, and it is only by known Tests that they can be detected as not being real equal in appearance to a £25 Ring.
RS. 10 ONLY.
ALEXANDER ANDERSON & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS, CALCUTTA.

NEILGHERRY TEAS.
KODANAAD ESTATES.

MR. NEUBERG begs to announce that he has been appointed Sole Agent in Bombay for the above TEAS, and is instructed to offer them at the following prices, which will be found to be considerably under former quotations for the same brands:—
TRADE MARK.
K. T. E (in a triangle).
Awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas and first-class certificates. Over 20,000 lb. packets sold in Madras, in 6 months.

Orange Pekoe	Re.	1	8	0 per lb.
Pekoe	"	1	4	0 "
Pekoe Souchong	"	1	0	0 "
Souchong	"	0	14	0 "
Mixture (Congou)	"	0	9	6 "

J. NEUBERG—BOMBAY.

FACTS!
ABOUT HUMBER CYCLES.

The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Bicycle was on a	"HUMBER."
The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Tricycle was on a	"HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Bicycle, was accomplished on a	"HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Tricycle, was accomplished on a	"HUMBER."
200 Miles in one day was ridden on the Road BY A LADY on a	"HUMBER."
HUMBER & Co. obtained the Gold Medal at the Inventions Exhibition, London, 1885.	
HUMBER & Co. have been awarded 18 other Medals for the superiority of their Cycles.	
HUMBER & Co. have always obtained the Highest Award.	
HUMBER & Co. hold THE FOLLOWING RECORDS all passed by the N.C.U. Record Committee.	

TRICYCLE	155	out of 156
BICYCLE	97	" 153
TANDEMS	8	" 16

Total RECORDS passed by the N.C.U., 325, on of which "HUMBER" machines have secured 260, leaving only 65 for all other Makers.
HUMBER & CO., Ld.,
WORKS—
Beeston, Coventry, and Wolverhampton.
SOUNDY & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.
SOLE APPOINTED AGENTS.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES — HEAD & SONS, COACH-BUILDERS. — TO ORDER AND REPAIRS

LONDON, Gloucester Road, Steam Works, CHERTSEY
Queen's Road, BOMBAY, Opposite Churney Road Crossing.
The only practical European carriage-builder in Bombay.
English-made Carriages in Stock at exceptionally low rates.

BREADALBANE CREAM SCOTCH WHISKY

£10,000 GIVEN AWAY TO BUYERS OF A BOTTLE,
Shipped by Alex. Ferguson and Co., Glasgow.
Particulars from all Wine Merchants, Storekeepers, and Spirit Dealers.
Wholesale Agents: F. FISCHER & Co., Bombay.

GREATEST IMPROVEMENT IN ELECTRICITY!
GASSNER DRY CELL.

WE have acquired the MONOPOLY for India of this New and Unequalled Battery.
Important to Telegraphs, Telephones, Railways, Steamship Companies, Government Field Telegraphy, and All Users of Electric Bells, Telephones, Medical Batteries, &c.
No Chemicals! No Liquids!
No Drying! No Corroding! No Creeping!
No Glass! Nor Porous Cell! No Smell!
Always Ready for Immediate Use!
Can be used in Any Position!
No Technical Knowledge required!
Twice the Power of a Leclanché!
If put in two Each Piece will ring a Bell!!
Cells supplied to the General Post Office, London, in 1886, are still in use.
F. FISCHER & Co.,
Sole Importers.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LIMITED.
EDISON—BRUSH—GRAMME—JABLOCHKOFF.

ESTIMATES given for Electric Lighting of Towns, Clubs, Palaces, &c., on the Newest Systems. Material always in stock. Prices greatly reduced.
F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY. GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.
SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES and BAGGAGE shipped and INSURANCE effected when requested.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act, Price Re. 1; interleaved, Re. 1.

HEART-LABELLED OLD COGNAC BRANDY
Rs. 37 per dozen.

Celebrated for its Fine Bouquet and Delicate Flavour.
Of Great Age and Guaranteed Purity.
It possesses all the Characteristics of a Superior Cognac, fully matured by age.
Is a Great Favourite with the Public.
Has taken rank with the Best Brands.
TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY
Rs. 24 per doz.

Has met with Great Approval.
Many Testimonials have been received as to its Superior Quality.
It is now supplied to a Large Number of Messes and Clubs.
The production of one of the Oldest and Largest Distilleries in the Highlands.
Has a Fine, Full, Mellow Flavour, and an Agreeable Odour.
The Whisky for Connoisseurs.
TREACHER & CO., LD.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LEGHORN HATS.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT just opened out in all the LATEST SPRING SHAPES with PLAIN and FANCY BRIMS.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, Ld.,

HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY. SHOW ROOMS. EAST STREET POONA.

COD LIVER OIL

Genuine pure and wholesome, of pale colour and almost tasteless.
Strongly recommended in place of EMULSIONS, except in certain cases.
Per pint bottle, Rs. 1-4.
PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

PILSENER BEER
KAISER BREWERY
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the labe without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.
OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEERHOY COWASJEE ODMRIGAR, Sub-Agent.
Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

FOR THE SEASON 1889.
WARM CLOTHING FOR THE COLD WEATHER.

BEST MERINO Undervests and Drawers.
BEST LAMB'S WOOL Ditto. Ditto.
ALL WOOL MERINO half-Hose in Plain and Stripe.
LAMB'S WOOL HALF HOSE.
BROWN, GREY AND BLUE WHITNEY for Ladie's and Gentlemen's ULSTERS made to Order.
OUR SECOND SPECIALITE,
For the Season is our Elegant Fitting Dress Suit made of a new Material, very light, called Clothiratta.
SHIRTINGS.
Long-Cloths, Cambrics, Oxford, All Wool Flannels, Ceylon Flannels, &c.
We guarantee a fashionable cut and fit, and best Workmanship. Uniforms made to Order to latest Regulations.
Hats, Helmets, Hosiery, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Braces, Steel Trunks, Portmanteaus, Regulation, Airtight Cases, and many other Articles too numerous to mention.
Samples of Material and directions for Self-measurement sent post free.
JOONAS TYEB AND CO.,
CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILORS, ARMY VOLUNTEERS, AND POLICE CONTRACTORS,
11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

PIANOFORTES
SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

THE BIJOU PIANO, solid Walnut case, overstrung scale, 3 unisons, 7 octaves, brass plate over pin plank, solid iron frame, thoroughly bolted, screwed and secured in every way ... ... Rs. 450
THE BOUDOIR PIANO, solid Walnut case, complete iron frame, overstrung scale, brass plate over pin plank, 7 octaves, metal action frame ... ... " 550
THE "UPRIGHT GRAND COTTAGE," solid Walnut case, extended ends, overstrung scale, solid iron frame, 7 octaves, metal Pin Plate, Steinway action on metal standards. Handsome Ormolu shell handles and sconces, carved Trusses.
THE FINEST UPRIGHT GRAND IMPORTED ... ... " 675
SOLID DARK WALNUT GRAND SQUARE, complete iron frame extending over pin block, straight scale, long American dampers, 7 octaves 75
SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE, overstrung scale, solid, complete, bronzed-iron frame, extending over pin plank and bridge, Agraffe treble, American dampers, 7 octaves ... " 775
THE SCHIEDMAYER SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE, with overstrung bass, made upon scientific principles, solid iron frame, with two pedals ... ... " 875
THE MIGNON GRAND, by Schiedmayer of Stuttgart, in solid Mahogany ebonized case, with nickel corner plates and mountings, complete iron frame—the most perfect Grand made... ... ... " 1,550
THE "COLLAR AND COLLARD" SHORT IRON GRAND, in solid Walnut, or Ebonized and Gold, solid iron frame, 7 octaves, registered keyboard ... ... " 1,250

ILLUSTRATIONS OF EACH INSTRUMENT CAN BE HAD ON APPLICATION.
SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &C.,
OF BOMBAY AND POONA.

SEND their WATCHES, at their risk, for their net value by V. P. Post all over India and Burma, and to ensure every satisfaction to the purchaser they offer the option of exchanging the Watch if not approved of, provided it is returned within two days of its receipt. The Watches specially recommended by Mr. MARCKS personally from their enormous stock are the following:—
Each Watch is supplied in a Case with Spare Glass and Main spring:—

	Rs.
The Popular Watch, good value goes well, Keyless Crystal face	15
The Keyless Lever medium size Watch do. do.	22
The Celebrated "Campaign Watch," sound Lever, Crystal-faced, as used by hundreds of Officers	35
The Keyless Lever Crystal-faced Watch, excellent in performance	50
The same works in Hunting case	60
The finest, strongest Keyless Lever Railway Watch, 2-inch diameter, in substantial Silver case	85
The Half Chronometer Silver Crystal-faced Watch, warranted maximum variation 1 minute per month	140
The Gold Half Chronometer, a durable Watch with Crystal front	250
The same as foregoing, in Hunting case	280
The highest class of Chronometer Keyless Watch, in very heavy Gold Crystal case, maximum variation ½ minute per month	375
The same as foregoing, in very heavy Hunting Gold case	420

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road. POONA, 1 East Street.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
SOLE AGENTS
FOR STARLEY AND SUTTON OF COVENTRY.

BEG to inform the Public that they have just received a fresh consignment of the well-known "Rover Safety" Bicycles and "Roamer" Tricycles, which they offer for cash or on the HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM.
The "ROVER SAFETY" BICYCLE, the fastest and safest Machine in the world, Ball bearings throughout, geared to 54 inches, Rs. 320, complete with Lamp, Bell, Valise, Spanners, &c., Rs. 320 cash.
The "METEOR" BICYCLE, Ball bearings throughout, Tangant spokes, detachable handles, Ball-pedals, complete, Rs. 260, sizes in stock 50, 52, and 54 inches, Rs. 260 cash.
The "ROAMER" TRICYCLE, the finest Machine ever made, central driving, Ball bearings throughout, geared to 57 inches with patent spring attachment to prevent jarring over rough roads, Bicycle handle bar, straight steerer, Rs. 440 cash.
"OUR OWN" SAFETY BICYCLE, a good, strong serviceable machine, at a cheap figure, Ball bearings, complete with Lamp, Bell, Valise, Rs. 225 cash.
All the above are beautifully enamelled and plated.
Catalogues "Illustrated" post free on application.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

INVALID'S PORT.
CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.'S INVALID'S PORT, GOLD CAPSULE.
FREE FROM ADULTERATION.
"How great the crime, how flagrant the abuse,
To adulterate generous wine with noxious juice."
OF ALL RETAILERS. OF ALL RETAILERS.

CERTIFICATE.
LONDON, 13th February, 1888.
I hereby certify that I have carefully examined two bottles of Port Wine labelled "CUTLER, PALMER and Co., INVALID'S PORT," and from the result of my analysis, as stated in the Analytical Report, I am of opinion that the Wine is free from adulteration and is a good sound wholesome Port.
(Sd.) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.,
Public Analyst for the Parishes of Kensington and St. George, Hanover Square, Member of the Society of Public Analysts and of the Council of the Sanitary Institute.
ANALYTICAL REPORT.
I am of opinion that the Wine is free from artificial colouring matters, and preservatives or other adulterants, and that it is a sound and wholesome Port.
(Sd.) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.
Rs. 29-12 per Dozen.

CUTLER PALMER & CO., BOMBAY,
IMPORTERS OF PURE OPORTO WINE.
N.B.—Beware of colourable imitation. Note Label, Capsule, and Cork.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
OUR SPECIALITE
SANITARY WOOL UNDERCLOTHING
GUARANTEED UNDYED NATURAL WOOL.

THIS superior make of underwear is strongly recommended by the medical profession. BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, much superior to cheap Continental

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-DAY IS THE LAST DAY
OF
THE GRAND BAZAAR AND FANCY FAIR,
AT THE TOWN HALL.
BAZAAR AND ENTERTAINMENTS FROM 3 TO 10 P.M.

THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT have graciously promised to Visit the BAZAAR this AFTERNOON.

MUSICAL PROGRAMME.

(PIANO KINDLY LENT BY MARCKS & Co., Ld.)

3 to 5 P.M.—The Misses Yardley, Herr Kuchenmeister, Mr. Redmayne.
4 to 3-30 P.M.—Selections by Band of 2nd Gloster Regiment.
6 to 10 P.M.—Mrs. Allan, Mr. Davey,
Mrs. Boyd, Miss Flower.
Miss Barthmann, Mr. Lamb.
Herr C. Barthmann, Mrs. Preston.
Mr. Theleber.

Fancy and Useful Goods of all kinds, Art Pottery, Flowers and Ferns, Fishing Pond, Art Exhibition, Magic Lantern, Galvanic Battery, &c., &c., Weighing Chair, Spirometer and Dynamometer, kindly lent by Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ld.

REFRESHMENTS: VIENNA CONFECTIONERY Co.
Admission Annas 4.
(SPECIAL TRAMS WILL RUN.)

N. B.—No extra charge for MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENTS. The opportunity should not be missed.

TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!
COOK'S
POPULAR HARBOUR EXCURSIONS.

THE s. s. "GODAVARI" will leave the Apollo Bunder at 8-30 p.m., for a Moonlight Cruise round the Harbour. See Handbills.

Band and Refreshments on Board.

Tickets, ONE RUPEE, from
THOMAS COOK & SON.

SALVATION ARMY.
GAIETY THEATRE.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17, AT 8 P.M.
A CALL TO ARMS.
COMMR. and Mrs. BOOTH-TUCKER with Officers just arrived from England.
Reserved Seats 4 Annas.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE, PRINCE'S DOCK.
FEBRUARY 16TH & 18TH.
THE AUSTRALIAN MERRY-MAKERS will give a Variety Entertainment, consisting of Acrobatic Feats in Mid-air, Songs, Dances and Laughable Sketches.
PRICES.—Reserve Seats..... Rs. 2.
Second " ..... Re. 1 & 8 As.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "ROSARIO," ARRIVED from HULL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.

All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th February, 1889.

"THE FAMILY MAGAZINE,"
AN ILLUSTRATED JOURNAL FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
CONTAINING:

HISTORY.	TRAVEL.
SCIENCE.	POETRY.
EXTRACTS.	FICTION.

&c., &c., &c.
With our 2nd No. we shall present
A RECENT PORTRAIT (14 by 9) OF
"THE RIGHT HON. W. E. GLADSTONE, M.P.,"
and a Sketch of
"COLUMBUS UNDER ARREST."
ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION Rs. 3-8 (in advance).
A Cheap and Extensive Medium for Advertising.
TERMS MODERATE.
For further particulars apply to
THE MANAGER,
"The Family Magazine,"
Tardeo, Bombay.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that PLUMBAGO is found in several parts of Travancore notably in the Taluq of Neduvangad, which is contiguous to Trevandrum. Specimens were sent to the London Exhibition of 1851, and were pronounced to be sufficiently pure for use and fit for crucibles, black leading, &c. In 1873, Messrs. Morgan (of the Patent Plumbago Crucible Co., London) carried on trial at Travancore and after local investigation offered to commence mining operations on certain terms. They wrote, "We feel convinced from the similarity of the Travancore formation to the Ceylon, GOOD plumbago is to be FOUND there." Others have more recently applied for permission to inspect and mine for plumbago. The matter, however, is still left open. As His Highness' Government have every reason to believe that plumbago, of good quality and in quantities sufficiently large to be remuneratively worked exists in the country and as they are anxious to foster and develope this important industry, they will be glad to receive applications up to 31st May 1889 from persons desirous of taking up the business, specifying the terms on which they are prepared to do so, and the extent of land they wish to operate upon giving boundaries. In the case of Europeans the applications should be addressed through the British Resident. Specimens of Travancore plumbago will be available for inspection in the following places.

1. The Commercial Agent's Office at Alleppy.
2. Government Industrial School at Trevandrum.
3. The Mail Office—Madras.
4. Addison & Co.'s Office at Madras.
5. Mr. Cameron's Office at Quilon.

T. RAMA ROW,
Dewan.
Huzur Cutcherry, Trevandrum, 17th Jan., 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen-Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SHAIK AHMED bin SHAHABUDIN NINGWARE, late of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant deceased.

MIYA SHAIK ADAM SAHIB and HUSSAN MEYA CAMROODIN PUTHAN, the Executors named in the Will ..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Nine, and in the Fifty-second year of our Reign.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.
L. N. BANAJEE,
The 12th day of February, 1889.
Messrs. VAKIL & GHANDY.
Petitioners' Attorneys.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

Indian Newspapers for Sale.
Yearly Subscription, Inclusive of Postage.

BOMBAY PAPERS.	Bombay.	Up-country.
The Bombay Gazette on Day of Issue	Rs. 48	Rs. 52
Do. on Second Day of Issue	" 24	" 26
MOFUSSIL PAPERS.	Lahore.	Up-country.
The Civil and Military Gazette, on Day of Issue	Rs. 48	Rs. 48
Do. on Second Day of Issue	" 24	" 36
	Calcutta.	Up-country
The Englishman, on Day of Issue	Rs. 45	Rs. 45
Do. on Second Day of Issue	" 24	" 36
	Madras.	Up-country.
The Madras Mail, on Day of Issue	Rs. 44	Rs. 48
Do. on Second Day of Issue	" 24	" 36
	Allahabad.	Up-country.
The Pioneer, on Day of Issue	Rs. 48	Rs. 48
Do on Second day of Issue	" 24	" 36

The Library has branches in Allahabad, Calcutta, Lahore, and Madras, for the purpose of Local Delivery and Up-country Post of Mofussil Papers.

All Subscriptions must be paid in Bombay and in Advance.

N. B.—The Library also supplies First and Second-hand Home Newspapers, Periodicals, and Books.

Full Lists Post Free on Application.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 7,500,000
The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 3,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "NSULINDE," CAPITAL	1,000,000
MARINE INSURANCE.	
The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The BADEN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The NEW SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE CO.	

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the nom de plume, OUR POLITICAL CHAPLAIN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-; Postage, 4 annas

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY REAY, T. R. H. THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT,

DANDY DICK

WILL BE PLAYED ON THE 19TH AND 20TH FEBRUARY,
IN AID OF
LADY ROBERTS' FUND.

CAST.

THE DEAN OF ST. MARVELL'S	Major Vibert.
SIR TRISTAM MARDOW	Mr. Prescott-Decie.
MAJOR TARVER	Capt. Hodgkinson.
LIEUT. DARBY	Mr. H. R. Broom.
NEAH TOPPING	Mr. W. T. Buck.
HATCHAM	Mr. Phillips.
BLOBE	Mr. Twiss.
MRS. GEORGIANA TIDMAN	Mrs. Hay.
SALOME	Mrs. Lloyd.
SHEBA	Mrs. Wilkin.
HANNAH TOPPING	Miss Van Overbeke.

Box plan at SOUNDY and Co.
Prices of Admission, Rs. 4, 3, 2 and 1.
Soldiers and Sailors, half price to Pit and Gallery.

GAIETY THEATRE.
STANLEY'S OPERA COMPANY.
40 PERFORMERS!
OPENING DATE, MARCH 1.
"YEOMEN OF THE GUARD."

TENDERS WANTED for EMPTY HOGSHEADS of ENGLISH BEER. Delivery to be taken at Bombay Railway Stations or at our Godowns. Tenders received up to March 1st.

CUTLER PALMER & Co.,
Bombay.

HANSA.

LINE of STEAMERS of BREMEN S.S. DRACHENFELS has arrived from Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, PAY FREIGHT (if any) and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.

The Steamer's Surveyor Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey demages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the goods are removed from the Landing Sheds.

After removal from the Landing Sheds the steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.

All claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, oth-rwise none will be entertained.

GLADE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th February 1889.

The following are now available
MOST SECURE AGAINST
FIRE AND THIEVES.
CHUBB'S
NEW PATENT STEEL SAFES.

No. 3—22" by 17" by 1."	one drawer and shelf	.....	Rs. 214
" 6—24" by 18" by 18"	"	"	" 249
" 1—25" by 20" by 20"	"	"	" 293
" 15—28" by 22" by 21"	"	"	" 338
" 20—31" by 24" by 22"	two drawers	"	" 425
" 41—33" by 29" by 23"	" partition	"	" 600

No. 41—33" by 29" by 23" FITTED with TWO DISTINCT LOCKS, Rs. 650.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
37, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.
Established 1847.

NOTICE.

ONE CURRENCY NOTE made over to the Police on the 12th instant. Any person claiming it to apply at the Head Police Office, Byculla, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.
Bombay, 15th February 1889.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
FOR
OUTGOING PASSENGERS
TO EUROPE.
PRESENTS FOR SENDING
TO ENGLAND.
TIPARA JAM, OR THE INDIAN GOOSEBERRY.
MANGO PRESERVES, DRY GINGER.
RIPE MANGO FOR DESSERT.
MANGO FRUIT FOR TART.
GOWAVER CHEESE AND GOWAVER JELLY.
MANGO MARMALADE.
CHUTNEYS AND CURRY POWDER.
AT
FRAMJEE NOWROJEE,
NO. 9, FORBES STREET,
OLDEST DEPOT
OF INDIAN CONDIMENTS
AND PRESERVES.

NOTICE.
SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

WHEREAS KHUTRI PURSHOTUM VEERCHUND of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, hath contracted to absolutely sell and dispose of unto BORAH HUSSANALLY MULLA HAKIMJEE, the land, hereditaments and premises hereunder described free from all incumbrances. All persons having or claiming to have any right or title to or estate or interest in or claim against the said premises either by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, inheritance or in any wise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as Solicitors to the Purchasers, at their Office, No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which and at the expiration of such time the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold ground situate on the Ripon Road in the island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3,100 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 169, New No. 13,681, and New Survey No. 3558, and which is part of land assessed in the books of the Foras Land Commissioner under No. 231 and is bounded as follows, that is to say on the north by the properties of Kurimjee Alibay and others, on or towards the east by the Ripon Road, on or towards the south by the property of Pascoal Antone Joseph Pereira and others, and on or towards the west by the properties of Luddha Ebrahim and Ghellabbay Dhunbdass.

PAYNE, GILBERT & SAYANI.
Purchaser's Solicitors.
Bombay, 15th Feb. 1889.

Re ESTATE of ALLIAS ALLANA, who lately traded at Bombay and Rangoon under the name and firm of Allias & Allana and Abdoola Allias, respectively,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all PERSONS BEING CREDITORS of, or otherwise HAVING ANY CLAIMS upon or against, the said Estate, are required to SEND to HAJEE ABBA HAJEE ISMAIL JAITHA, one of the Trustees of the Composition Deed of the said Allias Allana, dated 3rd day of February, 1889, at his Shop at Jacaria Musjid, Chuckla, without the Fort of Bombay, in writing their NAMES and ADDRESSES, and the PARTICULARS of their claims, upon or against the said Estate, so as to reach the said Shop within 15 days from this day, as after that date the Trustees will proceed finally to wind up the said Estate, having regard only to the claims of which the said Trustees shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized. NOTICE is hereby further given, that all PERSONS BEING DEBTORS to the said Estate, or BEING in any wise LIABLE FOR PAYMENT OF ANY SUM OR SUMS to the said Estate, are hereby also called upon to pay the sum or sums so due by them to the said Hajee Abba Hajee Esmail within the time aforesaid, otherwise proceeding will be filed against them for recovery thereof —Dated this 15th day of February, 1889.

ARDESIR, HORMUSJEE, AND DINSHAW,
HAJEE MOOSA SOOLEMAN.
HAJEE JACKARIA HAJEE MOLEDINA,
HAJEE ABBA HAJEE ESMAIL JAITHA,
HAJEE PEER MAHOMED ALLARAKHIA,
HAJEE HAROON HAJEE ALLI, and
HARBHRAM LOONDHRAM,
The Trustees of the aforesaid Composition Deed.

THE INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE.

ON and from the 1st March 1889 the line from JHANSI to GWALIOR will (subject to the sanction of Government of India) be opened for public traffic of every description, and on the same date the SINDIA STATE RAILWAY (between GWALIOR and AGRA) will be taken over from Government and will be worked in future as part of the INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY system.

This Company's passenger trains will run daily between TUNDLA and JHANSI connecting at the latter place with the through service of the INDIAN MIDLAND and GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAYS between KAWNPORE and BOMBAY and JHANSI and TUNDLA, and the attention of the public is invited to the advantages which this Railway offers in the shortest and most direct route to BOMBAY from TUNDLA, AGRA, CAWNPORE and other parts of the N.-W. P. and Oudh.

Through single journey fares to BOMBAY from AGRA or CAWNPORE.

First Class.	Second Class.
Rs. 52 6 0	Rs. 26 3 0

Also on the 15th February 1889, the section of the line between BANDA and MANIKPUR (on the E. I. R.) will be opened for public traffic of every description.

Time and Fares, Notices and Book of General Rules and Rates for the conveyance of Passengers, Luggage, Parcels, Horses, Carriages &c., with the Goods Tariff and Classification of Goods will be published shortly.

A. C. CREGEEN,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
Jhansi, 13th February 1889.

NOW READY!
PRICE ONE RUPEE.
THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
DIRECTORY
FOR 1889.
POPULAR EDITION.

Containing Useful Information,—Official Directory Mercantile Firms,—Steam Navigation Companies,—Harbour Steam Ferries, Boat Fares, Bombay Harbour,—Tramway Fares,—Foreign Parcel Post, &c.,—Foreign Money and Exchange Tables,—Street Office Directory,—Bombay Medical Union,—Public Offices and Institutions,—Municipality,—Distribution of the Bombay Army, &c., &c., &c.

NOW READY, PRICE ONE RUPEE.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

YOU will have to be Early at the TOWN HALL THIS AFTERNOON, for I hear there will be a great rush at the Fancy Bazaar, as it is the last day.

FOR SALE.—An ELECTRIC LIGHT DYNAMO, in thorough Good Order, capable of lighting 16 Lamps; 12 horse power. Apply to "A. B.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

TO LET.—A Well Situated and Well Furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. For particulars, apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club and Club of Western India, Poona. Sample tins of 4 lbs. obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

TO LET from 1st March.—Comfortable Suite of 7 Rooms with Cookroom, Stabling and Servants' Quarters. Rs. 75. Apply at KHUSROO LODGE, Nesbit Road.

TO LET.—A COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW, facing the Sea, and very airy, on Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill.—Apply to FURDOONJEE MERWANJEE BANAJEE, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort.

TO LET.—From 1st of May, for Ten Months, rent moderate, a FURNISHED HOUSE on Ridge Road, Malabar Hill. Apply for particulars to H. I. P. THOMSON, Victoria Terminus.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO BE LET at Lonauli. For terms, apply to M. C., Shamrock Villa, Lonauli.

TO BE SOLD.—FURNISHED STONE HOUSE, Louisa Point, Matheran.—Apply at the Advocate-General's Office, High Court.

ENGLISH HOTEL, Fort, Bombay, is the most accommodative Hotel, unrivalled for Comfort and Cleanliness.—Terms moderate.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay. Terms per diem, Rs. 4. Breakfast and Tiffin, Rs. 1 each; Dinner, Rs. 2.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a First-Class Upper-storeyed Hotel, in Poona. It is most centrally situated and affords all the Comforts of a Home. Rooms bright and airy. Each family has a separate Sitting Room. TERMS MODERATE.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT, Church Gate Street, Fort.—BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, DINNERS, at moderate prices.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1889. Cloth bound. Rs. 5, postage, 4 annas.

WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLE FOR SALE, 7 shots, sighted to 400 yards, good as new, Rs. 70. Apply to "J.," care of *Gazette* office.

FOR SALE.—A SOUNDY'S SEMI-GRAND PIANO, in good order, keeps good tune. Apply to J. F. WALKER, 23, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla, No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints on a slab 8½ inches by 8 inches. Very useful for printing circulars, etc. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at the *Gazette* Office.

ANGLO-BAVARIAN PALE ALE, High Prize Medals at Paris Vienna Melbourne and Sydney Exhibitions.—Bombay Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Rs 5-8 per dozen.

CRESTS and MONOGRAMS, engraved on stone by a special artist, and mounted as Signet Rings, Seals, &c., at a few days notice.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay or Poona.

FOR SALE, a consignment of GOOD MACHINE BLACK PRINTING INK, in 50 lb. drums, English Manufacture. For price, &c., apply to "X.," at this office.

STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.—Length 50 feet; beam 11 feet. Has good sized Saloon forward, and is fitted up as a Pleasure Yacht.—Apply "T.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC AMATEURS.—Albuminized Paper Double Brilliant Rose and Purple. Developing and Printing Amateur Plates. Apply to P. VUCCINO & Co.

FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC AMATEURS.—Large Quantity of Papier Mache and Iron Enamelled Dishes, all sizes for travelling use. Apply to P. VUCCINO & Co., Fort.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

BURROUGH WELCOME'S MEDICAL POCKET CASES; Hypodermic Syringes with Tabloids, Thermometers, &c., at moderate prices.—WRIGHT & Co., Mint Road, Fort.

VALENTINES and BIRTHDAY CARDS, Sunshades and Umbrellas, Ladies' Hand Bags and Companion, Flower Baskets and Fancy Goods, &c.—D. B. MODY, 23, Apollo Street.

GOODS of every description, purchased at the lowest market prices, and promptly forwarded to all parts of India. Commission very moderate.—KANNY & Co., General Agents, 59, Meadows Street.

JUST OPENED.—COLORED OTTOMAN SILKS, beautifully Soft Texture, in the NEWEST and most FASHIONABLE Shades, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S, Milliner and Dressmaker, 25, Meadows Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A First-class, English-made DOG-CART, imported direct; and Springs especially built to stand warm climate. Lowest price Rs. 200, little over half cost. Apply to "X.Y.Z.," care of WILLIAM WATSON and Co., 2, Apollo Street.

JUST opened a fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—ALI MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadow Street, Bombay.

REMARKABLE DISAPPEARANCE!!! Re. 1 paid either for Batliwala's Ague Pills or Mixture, 4 Dr. Batliwala, Bombay, or at Cumber, Madon and Co., Chemists, Fort, or at Dantra & Co., Tea Merchants, Church Gate Street, Fort. Will be returned if the Ague or Intermittent Malarious fever does not abate by its use!

SURGEON-MAJOR A. S. G. JAYAKAR, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—I have used BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE with success in some obstinate cases of Intermittent Fever, and have pleasure in recommending it as a safe and reliable remedy.

LESSONS in DECORATIVE ART.—By a Diplomaed Lady. Materials supplied for 20 Art designs to order. Photographs, Engravings, Lessons, Kastaline, Crayonium, smallest to life-size. Superior Plush frames, Photographs, a superior assortment of Paintings to select from. Lessons by letter to Mofussil residents. Terms at Messrs. Treacher and Co., Byculla, or to MRS. W. H. MCCANN "Bellaire House," Mazagon.

FOR SALE.—A Second-hand DOUBLE ROYAL MACHINE, of Cryssiolous Improved Mains Patent, by Harrild and Sons, London, in good working order, prints a form of matter 40 by 27, size of table, inside bearers 46 by 37 inches.—Apply to "Z.," care this paper.

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN WHEAL, Auctioneer and Commission Agent, Poona, has been favoured with instructions to sell by Public Auction, the valuable household furniture, horses and carriage, garden plants, &c., &c., the property of Colonel FRANK JAMES, P. W. O., Grenadiers, at his residence, No 5, Stavely Road, on SATURDAY, the 23rd February, 1889, sale commencing at 11-30 a.m., at which time will be sold a choice and very valuable lot of large moveable picture "Panels" painted on stout canvas in oil, for application with flat stencilling to wall decoration in India.

	Size Feet.
Chandiagh Vales, Devon	.. 2½ by 1½
A Mountain Torrent Dartmoor	.. 2½ by 1½
The Woolar Lake, Cashmere	.. 3- by 1½
A River Scene, Poona	.. 7½ by 5½
The Forces Pond	.. 3½ by 2
Lleyn Idwall, Wales	.. 3½ by 4
Snow Scene, The Frozen Mill	.. 4 by 6
The Dal Canal, Cashmere	.. 2½ by 2
Figure, "Halt who comes there"	.. 2½ by 2
Figure, The Gleaner	.. 3½ by 1½
Flowers, The Orchid Basket	.. 3- by 3½
Flowers, The Gold Mohur	.. 3½ by 2
Parbutti, Poona, by C.F.J.	.. 7½ by 3½
The Old Sahebdar; by C.F.J.	.. 2½ by 3
Singhur: The Home of Surjee; by C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 3
Back Bay. Bombay; by C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 2
Roses; by E. G. Krovan, Scotch Academy; by C.F.J.	2 by 2½
Evening; by G.C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 2½
Morning; by C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 2½
The Falls of Garrsappa; by C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 2
The Lushington Fall-Canard; by C.F.J.	.. 1½ by 2

JOHN WHEAL,
East Street, Poona.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY.
No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the house just opposite Grant Road Station (up side), the very handsome and valuable French polished, blackwood, teakwood and inlaid satinwood household furniture, crockery and glassware, the property of Mrs. Goldeston. The same comprises sofas with cushions, bentwood chairs and sofas, easy chairs, round, with marble tops, writing, dressing and washing tables, teapoys, cabinets, pier tables, corner whatnots, mirror-door almirahs, wardrobes, cheval glasses and hanging presses, meat-safes, sideboards, dumb waiters, clocks, musical boxes, flower vases, fancy table ornaments, hatstands, towel horses, iron bedsteads with spring mattresses, screens, Brussel carpets of very rich design, velvet coroner hangings, fancy oilcarpet, matting, pictures &c., &c.

Property is on view.

SHERIFF, SON & CO.,
Bombay, February 16, 1889. Auctioneers.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

These HOTELS are specially situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

WEST OF INDIA PORTUGUESE RAILWAY.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

OWING to Completion of Works of the above Railway, a large assortment of Second-hand Plant and Stores is now for sale and can be seen at Mormugoa on application to Storekeeper. Full particulars with prices can also be obtained from Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co., Bombay.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. MCLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCK and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by Keating's Cough-Lozenges recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty. No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium Morphia, nor any violent drug, and may be taken by the most delicate. One or two at bed-time ensure rest when troubled by the throat. Sold at all Chemists, in small tins.

TRADE "SANITAS" MARK.
DISINFECTANTS
(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),
NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST
Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals. Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1885, Antwerp 1886.
PAMPHLET FOR USES IN INDIA ON APPLICATION
"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times.*
"Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Lancet.*
Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.
THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited,
CONTRACTORS TO H. M. ADMIRALTY,
Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Lancet* of May 24th, 1884.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON,
ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicine, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.

The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 249, High Holborn, LONDON.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,
BEING
REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*.
WITH
Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.
Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.
Bombay Gazette Office, Esplanade Road.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND..... £800,000
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Head Office—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT granted available in the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
O. LOWELL, Manager.
Ramsay Row, W.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

1. TENDERS are invited for the Supply and Delivery at Aden of
I. Teakwood Rafters and Battens.
II. Mangalore Tiles.
of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.
2. Tenders which must be Sealed and Accompanied by Rs. 100 each or earnest money will be received at 12 noon, on MONDAY, 18th February, 1889.
3. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Capt. R.E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.
Bombay, Defences Office, Colaba, 8th February, 1889.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
OLD RAILS FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY, the 13th March next, Tenders for the purchase of any quantity up to 2,000 tons of old Iron Rails, double-headed section, of various lengths, from 12 to 21 feet, now lying on the Company's premises, Wari Bunder, Mazagon, which they may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers which must be made on the Company's form, to be obtained from the Undersigned, must specify the quantity required, the rate per ton weighed over on the spot, or delivered by the Company into Barges to be provided and placed by the purchaser alongside the Wharf, also that the whole quantity tendered for will be paid for and removed from the Company's premises not later than the end of June next.

Payment must be made before delivery.

On notification of acceptance of Tender, the Purchaser will be required to make at once an advance payment of Rs. 5 per ton up to a maximum of Rs. 2,500 as security for due fulfilment of the engagement, failing which this sum will be forfeited to the Company without the necessity of their having to prove any actual loss by the transaction.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 14th February 1889.

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, Limited.

ધી મદ્રાસ ઈંડિયાનાટેડ સ્પીનીંગ એંડ વીવીંગ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 15th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 23rd February 1889, at 3 p.m., at the registered office of the

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bazar at the Town Hall.
Volunteer Artillery Gun Competition, Town Hall.
Mounted Horse Volunteer Camp closes, Santa Cruz.
Regimental Polos to Point Races, Bandora.
Royal Yacht Regatta.
Royal Yacht Club, Ladies' Tiffin.
Cook's Harbour Excursion, 8-30 p.m.

ESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Drachenfels (s), from Leith; Rosario (s), Hull; and Arabia (s), Busrah.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Ayara (s), for Marseilles; Khandalla (s), Calcutta and Coast; Siam (s), China; Kaiser-i-Hind (s), Colombo and Shanghai.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The notice relating to despatch of mails by the s. s. Amphitrite on the 16th instant is cancelled.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.—The Reverend J. A. Dougherty, R. N., Chaplain to H. M. S. Garnet, will preach in the Cathedral to-morrow evening.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi per extra s.s. Hensida will be closed at the General Post Office to-day at 2 p.m. Only letters marked for despatch by this vessel will be forwarded.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 26th January 1889 was 354,202 maunds and in money Rs. 69,629.

EXECUTION.—Narayen Nana Dalve, who was sentenced to death at the last Criminal Sessions for the triple murder at Dadur, will be executed in front of the County Jail on Saturday morning, the 23rd inst.

THEFT AT KHOJAH STREET.—Goverdhi, a Hindoo widow living in a chawl at Khojah Street, reported to the police the theft of three silver anklets valued at Rs. 70 and Rs. 90 in currency notes and cash from her room during her absence on Tuesday evening.

POOR-BOX.—The Chief Presidency Magistrate acknowledges with thanks the receipt of a cheque for Rs. 100 from E. Gasselin, Esq., French Consul, contributed towards the funds of the Fort Police Court poor-box.

LECTURE IN MARATHI.—The fourth lecture in Marathi of the Hemantotsava Series will be delivered in the Hindu Union Club compound at 5-30 p.m. to-day by Mr. Bal Yadneshwar Sanstree Gvorjar. Subject:—"Religious toleration."

THE NEW "JUBILEE MILL."—This mill, which was established by Messrs. Readymoney and Jeejeebhoy, recently commenced to work a lot of Nos. 16 and 20 spun at the mill was sold on Thursday at 6¼ annas and 6 15-16 annas per lb. for the China market and some time previously also for the Calcutta port.

THE PRABHU RUPEE CALENDAR.—The Prabhu Rupee Calender for the current year, containing a mass of information most useful and relating to the Prabhu community in general and the Bombay Prabhus in particular, is admirably got up and well worth the money. The work is issued from the Mazagon Printing Press.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—H. E. the Governor's band will play at the Yacht Club this evening the following programme:—

Overture.....	Flotte Bursche.....Suppe.
Selection.....	Le Prophete .....Meyerbeer.
Valse	Torcador .....Royle.
Air Varie.....	for Solo Euphonism ...Williams.
Ballet Music ...	Faust.....Gounod.
Galop	Vivat.....Zikoff.

MOONLIGHT BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens this evening at 8-15 p.m:—

March.....	Blue Bonnets over the Border.....Percy Vincent.
Overture...	Im Italienischen Style ...Schubert.
Valse	Fantasie .....C. Coote.
Selection..	The Mikado.....Winterbottom.
Valse	Love's Dreamland .....Otto Roeder.
Polka	L'Esprit Francais .....Waldteufel.
Galop	The Planters .....C. Fricke.

A PARSEE ENGINEER.—The *Sutherland Daily Echo* says that a Parsee gentleman of Bombay, Mr. Nusserwanji Bomonji Cama, who had been to Sutherland to study engineering, has passed a Board of Trade examination, taking a first class position, and receiving an Imperial certificate of competency. This is the first instance on record of a Parsee passing the examination. Mr. Cama attended the Hindoo Institute Science School. The newspaper which notes this fact kindly adds that although Mr. Cama is an Indian, he is not a black man any more than his countryman, Mr. Mowrji.

ETYMOLOGICAL LESSONS.—Mr. Dhanjishaw J. Dhondy has published a little work called Etymological lessons, which, it is expected, will be useful to matriculation and other students. The arrangement of the words is made under a well devised system, and the selection of words appears to have been done with care. The compiler does not aim high; but within the modest sphere to which he has confined himself, he has produced, in a cheap form, what may prove to be a welcome help to students.

A DISHONEST LODGER.—Baggoo Durmah was yesterday charged by Inspector Nolan, before Mr. P. Ryan, at the Girgaum Police Court, with stealing a gold neck ornament valued at Rs. 61-8, the property of a woman named Ja kee, from her box on Thursday last. The accused lived in the house of the complainant at Mazagon as a lodger, and on Thursday afternoon, during her temporary absence, he stole the neck ornament and pledged it with a Marwarree at Dongri Street, from whom the stolen property was recovered by the police. Baggoo pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the G. C. M. Society was held in the College Library on Tuesday last. Dr. J. C. Lisboa, President, in the chair. Present: Drs. Atmaram Pandurang, Cowasji Hormasji, J. Arnott, P. Lisboa, E. C. Tookina, L. J. Pinto, N. N. Katruck, R. K. Vachs, A. Bocarro, Borabji Hormasji, Dadabhai Jamasji, D. B. Master, R. N. Ranina, E. S. Bharucha, D. S. Dallas, S. K. Mehta, and Temulji Sharimam, the honorary secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Drs. Hormasji Cowasji Tavaria, M. D. Cama, and Albino DeSouza were elected members of the Society. Dr. P. Lisboa read a paper on "the best treatment of retained after-birth in abortion."

THEFT BY A SERVANT.—Powlu Chinna Untoo, a Madrassee domestic servant, was yesterday charged by Inspector Butterfield before Mr. Hamilton at the Fort Police Court with stealing a currency note for Rs. 100, the property of Mr. O. Colonnelo from his residence at Frere Road on Wednesday last. The accused, who is a servant in the employ of another gentleman residing on the upper floor of the same house as the complainant, took the opportunity, during the absence of Mr. Colonnelo, to enter his premises and steal the currency note from that gentleman's table drawer. On the theft of the note being reported to the police inquiries were instituted, and the note was traced to a Marwarree, with whom the accused had cashed it. Accused on pleading guilty to the charge was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

PICKPOCKETING AT THE MARINE LINES RAILWAY STATION.—Mustoo Abdool Rahman and Cooverjee Cowasjee were yesterday brought up on remand and charged by Subadar Russian Ali, of the Detective Police, before Mr. Hamilton, with stealing six currency notes, one for Rs. 500 and five n tes f r Rs. 100 each, from the pocket of Abdoola Sulliman, a navidar to Senhor Antone Constando Macarenhas Damaun, on the 20th January last, while at the Marine Lines Station, and aiding and abetting each other in the commission of the offence. The circumstances of this case having already appeared in these columns, it is only necessary to add that the two accused were convicted, Mustoo being sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and further to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default to undergo a further term of six months' similar imprisonment and Cooverjee to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED EXTENSIVE THEFTS OF JEWELLERY.—Dew Bhimjee, a servant, and Govind Luximon, a goldsmith, were yesterday charged before Mr Hamilton by Superintendent McDermott, Dew Bhimjee with stealing gold and silver ornaments and pearls of the collective value of Rs. 1,700, the property of Jumnadass Vussonjee Purshotum, from his residence in the Fort, and Govind with dishonestly receiving a portion of the stolen property knowing the same to have been stolen. The accused Dew and his accomplice, after stealing the property, decamped to a village called Golia n the Ratnagherry District, where they were arrested and sent on to Bombay. Mr. McDermott applied for a postponement to enable the police to institute further inquiries into the matter and for the recovery of the stolen property. The Magistrate granted the application and accordingly postponed the hearing of the case.

SERIOUS ASSAULT.—Moosajee Currimjee was yesterday brought up on remand and charged before Mr. P. Ryan with attacking James Carrol with a stick on the 15th ultimo. Carrol is a carpenter by trade and lives at Nagpada. On the date in question he went to a toddy shop near by the Two Tank Road, where he met the accused Moosajee and several other Mahomedans. They were conversing about some religious matters in. An altercation took place, and Moosajee struck Carrol with a bamboo stick on the head and back, causing him to bleed profusely. The police were called, Moosajee was arrested, and Carrol was removed to the European General Hospital, where he remains under treatment for twenty-three days. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50, with the alternative of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ASSAULTING A MARWARREE.—Krishna Ranoo and Manockjee Dhunjeebhoy, cart drivers, were yesterday brought up on remand and charged by Inspector Foord before Mr. P. Ryan with having on the 7th instant committed an assault on Heera Kustoora, a Marwarree, with a stick. Mr. D'Souza appeared for the prosecution and the two accused in person. It appears that on the date in question the complainant in company with a bailiff of the Small Cause Court went to the residence of Manockjee to attach his property, when Manockjee set upon the complainant and beat him with a stick, and while he was being beaten, Krishna Ranoo came up and also belaboured him with another stick. The police being called up, the two accused were arrested, while the assaulted party was found to be so seriously hurt that he had to be removed to the J. J. Hospital. The complainant is still under treatment as an out-door patient. The two accused were convicted, Krishna was fined Rs. 50, or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment, and Manockjee was fined Rs. 100, or in default to suffer two months' similar imprisonment.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH BAZAAR.—The success of this bazaar and fancy fair from the excellent turn out yesterday again seems now ensured. No doubt the special attraction in the way of music and the magic lantern shows for the youngsters have something to do with it. To-day a visit is expected from T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. The musical programme announced is as follows:—

3 to 5 p.m.—Vocal and Instrumental Music—The Misses Yardley, Mr. Redmayne, and Herr G. Kuchenmeister.
5 to 9 p.m.—Selections of Music, by Band of 2nd Gloster Regiment.
6 to 10 p.m.—Vocal and Instrumental Music and Recitations—Mrs. Allan, Mrs. Boyd, Miss Barthman and Herr C. Barthmann, Mr. Davey, Miss Flower, Mr. Lamb, Mr. Stephenson, and Mr. Thelenberg.

THE BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE POINT-TO-POINT RACES.

TO-DAY.

THE following are the starters, riders, and lottery prices:—

		Rs.
1ST RACE.—All Horses.		
Mr Ryrie's Waler Corporal.....	Owner	10
Capt Brook's Waler Artaxerxes...	do	5
Mr Littleton's c b Dolly	do	45
Mr Graham's Arab Myras.....	do	60
Mr Brook's Arab Joey	do	25
Mr Gahan's Waler Fatzke	do	140
		285
Lottery Tickets.....		200
		485
2ND RACE.—All Ponies.		
Mr Dunk's c b Punch	Mr Fox	5
Mr Warden's c b Raby	Mr Gray	10
Do c b Soberside	Owner	
Mr Gordon's c b Granite.....	do	5
Mr Knight's c b Snowdrop.....	do	5
Mr Graham's Arab Merry	do	20
Mr Cobbold's Arab Lotus	do	45
Mr Cameron's Arab Oscar	do	5
Mr Littleton's Waler Woodlark...	do	25
Mr Provost's c b Silk	do	10
Capt Phayre's Arab Nap	do	105
		245
Tickets		200
		445

3RD RACE—Grand Military, for all B. L. H. chargers.

		Rs.
Mr Benson's Waler Warrior	Owner	25
Mr Brook's " Bob.....	do	80
Mr Ryrie's " Rufus.....	do	5
Mr H Symon's " Pintail	do	20
do " Lapwing.....	Mr Littleton	
Mr T Rogers " Winchester	Owner	15
Mr Maclean's " Mary.....	do	10
Mr E P Smith's Arab Sir Hary	do	1
		176
Tickets.....		200
		376

The special train leaves Church Gate at 3 p.m. and Grant Road at 3-10.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

REGATTA OF 1889.

SAILING COMMITTEE.

Captain Sir Henry Morland, I.M.
Colonel W. Merriman, R.E.
Captain John W. Brackenbury, R.N., C.B., C.M.G.
Captain Kenneth Macaulay, *Starter*.
Captain Maurice Bean, I.M., *Judge*.
Captain W. Aves, *Referee*.

FIRST DAY—SATURDAY, 16TH FEBRUARY.

1ST RACE.—For Club Yachts and Yachts coming under Rule XXXIV., under 6 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance Rs. 10. Prize—Entrance-money and a Cup, value one hundred and fifty rupees. To start at 1-30 p.m. Twice round the course.

1 Princess, Lateen, F A Little, Esq, Yellow and black burgee.

2ND RACE.—For Club Yachts and Yachts coming under Rule XXXIV., over 6 tons and under 20 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance Rs. 15. Prize—Entrance-money and a Cup, valued two hundred and fifty rupees. To start at 1-45 p.m. Twice round the course.

1 Rustom, Lateen, H Curwen, Esq, and C E Kane, Esq, red white and blue.
2 La Mascotte, Lateen, J Westall, Esq, cross and crescent.
3 Paulini, Lateen, H W Uloth, Esq, red with a white band.

Time allowance.

	Rustom.	Paulini.
	M. S.	M. S.
La Mascotte.....	6 34	6 34

3RD RACE.—For Club Yachts and Yachts coming under Rule XXXIV., over 20 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance Rs 15. Prize—Entrance-money and a Cup, valued three hundred rupees. To start at 2 p.m. Twice round the course.

1 Faeris, Schooner, Capt Maurice, Lean, white swallow-tailed with faerie red border.
2 Falcon, Lateen, Sir Henry Morland, white boarded blue pierced a falcon.
3 Cinderella, Lateen, James Moore, Esq, blue yellow and red diagonally.

Time allowance.

	Falcon.	Faerie.
	M. S.	M. S.
Cinderella, allows.....	3 52	8 9
Falcon, allows.....		4 16

4TH RACE.—For Yachts of any class not qualified to compete in Races 1, 2, and 3. Time allowance for tonnage. Entrance Rs. 10. Prize—Entrance-money and Rs. 100. 3 Yachts to start, or no race. To start at 2-15 p.m. Twice round the course.

N.B.—Yachts competing in this Race will be eligible to enter for the Consolation Race on the second day.

5TH RACE.—Handicap for Dubyah Boats. 4 boats to start or no race. Entrance Rs. 10. Prize—Rs. 60 and entrance-money. To start at 2-30 p. m. Twice round the course.

1 Swift, Lateen, Mr Rustomjee Bomonjee, red with R B in block letters, in a white diamond.
2 Cyrus, the Great Lateen, Messrs. Jamsetjee Muncherji's Sons, the Peasant C of the commercial code.
3 Rising Sun, Lateen, Mr Nanabhoy Jamsetjee, a red burgee with a horizontal white stripe with N J D in blue on the white.
6 Mermaid, Lateen, Mr Jamsetjee Jehangirjee, American ensign.

Time allowance.

	Swift.	Rising Sun.	Mermaid.
	M. S.	M. S.	M. S.
Cyrus the Great allows.	3 46	2 44	4 4
Swift.....	...	...	0 17
Rising Sun	1 2	...	1 20

6TH RACE.—For *bona fide* ships, boats of any rig or size. No time allowance. Entrance, Rs. 5. 1st Prize, Rs. 75; 2nd Prize, Rs. 40; 3rd Prize, Rs. 25. To start at 2-45 p.m. *Once* round the course.

1 H M S Turquoise's galley, Capt J W Brackenbury, Turquoise blue burgee with dark blue St. Andrew.
2 H M S Turquoise's boat, Capt J W Brackenbury, Turquoise blue burgee.
3 S S Teheran's boat, Comdr H Dewherst, red pennant with white cross.
4 S S Gwalior's boat, Comdr John Hand, white square flag with two red balls.
5 H M S Turquoise's pinnace, Lieut W Ainger, Turquoise blue burgee.
6 S S Deccan's boat, A N Coles, Esq, blue and yellow diagonally.
7 S S Venet a's boat, John Cowie, Esq, white with blue cross.
8 I M S Abyssinia's boat, Thos H Butterworth, Esq, blue pennants, Abyssinia in white letters.
9 I M S Magdala's boat, Lieut John McDonald, red with M in centre.
10 H M S Turquoise's cutter, Lieut W P Durnford, Turquoise blue burgee and blue star.
11 S S N.Zam's boat, Comdr T F Creery, Maltese red cross white ground.
22 S S Arabia's boat, Capt G F Simpson, white burgee with St Andrew's cross.

7TH RACE.—For Licensed Karachi Boats. Entrance free. First Prize, Rs. 30; 2nd Prize, Rs. 20; 3rd Prize Rs. 10. 5 Boats to start, or no 3rd Prize. To start at 3 p. m. *Once* round the course.

1 Lukhmee No 2,055, lateen, Goolam Hoosein, a square red.
2 Feroze No 2512, lateen, Shaik Adum, a white square flag with a red St George's cross.
3 Sullamuttee No 2380, lateen Mahomed Alli, a square blue flag.
4 Futtay Sullamutty No 4813, lateen, Abdool Gunny, a square white flag with a blue St George's cross.
5 Luxmee No ——, lateen, Mahomed Cassum, a white and red pennant.
6 Dustigirry No 5059, lateen, Abdool Kadar, a white and green pennant.

8TH RACE.—For Licensed Jolly Boats. Entrance free. First Prize, Rs. 25; 2nd Prize, Rs. 15; 3rd Prize, Rs. 5. 5 Boats to start, or no 3rd Prize. To start at 3-15 p. m. *Once* round the course.

1 Jolly Boat Hindoostan, No 4263, Abdool Rahman, a yellow pennant.
2 Jolly Boat Dustgirry, No 5686, Said Mahomed, blue white red (French).
3 Jolly Boat Bowanny, No 4926, Jamoodin, a black and red pennant horizontal stripes.
4 Jolly Boat Gunga, No 2197, Mahamun Cassum, white with blue cross from corner to corner.
5 Jolly Boat Yestwauts, No 4909, Shaik Ahmed, a black pennant.
6 Jolly Boat Rahamani, No 4439, Shaik Dawood, a red flag with a white cross (St George's).

LECTURE ON ANCIENT INDIA.

THE opening lecture of the season, under the auspices of the Dnyan Prasarak Mandli on "Ancient India" under the Buddhist Emperor Asoka (B.C. 250), was delivered in the Framji Cawasji Institute by Mr. Ratiram Durgram, B. A., who was for 8 years assistant to the late Dr. Bhagvanlal Indraji. Mr. K. R. Cama, the chairman of the society presided and introduced the lecturer. Mr. Ratiram began by pointing out the great importance of Indian Archæological research to the student of general history and of Indian history and institutions in particular. With the revival of Sanskrit learning in India, with the great interest taken in Indian classical research by leading European and American *savants*, and with a special archæological bureau and its reports and publications issued under the authority of the Government of India, the subject was within reach of Indian students, but it was with a view to make the subject familiar to the popular mind that this the fourth lecture on Ancient India was given. During his previous three lectures, the lecturer said that he had given an outline of the Buddhist and Brahmanical eaves of Western India, of inscriptions found in them, of copperplates found in various parts of the Presidency and of the early history of the country as derived therefrom, from the first century after Christ to the Musalman conquest at the end of the 13th century. In the present lecture he proposed to go further backwards, to the centuries preceding the Christian era, and here the central figure in early Indian history was Asoka, a great Buddhist emperor who reigned from about B. C. 260 to about B. C. 230, and who was the grandson of Chandragupta, the Sandracottus of the Greeks, as whose court in Patna Megasthenes was an envoy from the Greeks (about B.C. 270). Chandragupta held distinguished place in Indian history from his having established the greatest Indian Empire the world had then seen, but his grandson, Asoka, shone forth much more prominently from his having established Buddhism with its cardinal principles of charity and humility as the State religion, and still more from his having been the first prince of whom we possessed the earliest written record—written not on fragile paper or tree-bark, but engraved on rocks and pillars in various parts of the country, from Peshawar and the Yusufzai frontier on the north to Puri and Cuttack on the east and Junagadh and Bopara near Bassein on the south. The lecturer then explained in detail what the edicts of Asoka inculcated when they were found engraved on rocks and pill rs —at Shahbazgarhi, near Peshawar, at Delhi, at Allahabad, at Kalsi, at Lauriya, at Sanchi, and at Araraj, all in Upper India, and on the Nepal frontier, at Dhauli and Jangada, near Cuttack and Orissa, at Sopara (forty miles north of Bombay), which was the old capital of the Konkan, and at the foot of the holy hill of Girnar near Junagad in Kathiawar. The style and language of the edicts was then explained and their contents were analyzed and summarized, while facsimile copies of several of them taken on the spot in cloth were exhibited to the audience. At the conclusion of the lecture Mr. K. R. Cama proposed a vote of thanks to the lecturer for his very interesting and instructive address, and in doing so dwelt at some length on the study of Indian archæology and epigraphy, and upon most of the important points brought out in the lecture, and expressed a hope that modern Indian Rajas and Princes would greatly profit themselves and their subjects if they would follow the spirit of the precepts of Asoka as laid down in his edicts more than 2,000 years ago.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A YOUNG WOMAN.

AN inquest was opened by the Coroner, Dr. T. Blaney, yesterday at the Morgue into the circumstances attending the death of a new-born male child that was found recently buried in the Police Lines at Byculla. Shaik Chund Shaik Futtay Mahomed said:—I am a jamadar in the Bombay Mounted Police and live at the Police lines at Byculla. At 5-30 or 5-45 p.m. on Wednesday a sowar named Dowlut came to my room and called me out. I went out of my room with him when he told me that the daughter of Suntaji Rao, a police sowar, had given birth to a child. I placed him and Appa Duffadar in the room of Suntaji Rao to keep a watch on it, I reported the matter to Superintendent Smith, and about 10 p.m. on the same day I was sitting in the compound of the police lines along with Appa Duffadar and a sowar named Dowlut, when I heard some digging in the verandah near a *nani*. We all went there. When I lighted a match I saw the daughter of Suntaji Rao, named Saloo, sitting there. As soon as she saw me she went off into her room and closed the door. I examined the earthen floor, and saw the arm of dead child that she had been burying, but had left one arm exposed. I then went to the Police Office and brought a police havildar and a policeman to the spot. After that I went and reported the matter to Superintendent Smith. It was Inspector Cobb, who removed the body, which was kept in custody of the police all night. I saw something tied round the neck of the deceased, but whether it was a cord or a piece of cloth I cannot say.

At this stage the inquest was adjourned for further inquiry to the 20th instant.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 15.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

DISMISSAL OF AN APPEAL.

KESSOWJEE DAMODHAR JAIRAM *vs.* LUKHMIDAS LUDHA.

MR. STARLING, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, on behalf of the plaintiff, and appellant, applied for leave to withdraw the appeal on payment of the taxed costs of the defendant.

Mr. Inverarity, on behalf of the defendant and respondent, said the proper order would be appeal dismissed with costs, as the plaintiff did not intend to go on with it.

The Chief Justice made an order as suggested by Mr. Inverarity.

DEPOSIT FOR SECURITY OF COSTS.

THE FLORIO-RUBATTINO COMPANY *vs.* THE BOMBAY AND PERSIAN S. N. COMPANY.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, on behalf of the plaintiffs and respondents, asked for a refund by the Prothonotary of the Rs. 1,000 lodged with him for security of costs. The plaintiffs obtained a judgment against the defendants, and after judgment they asked the Prothonotary to return the Rs. 1,000, but the latter objected on the ground that an appeal had been filed by the defendants. The plaintiffs then applied to Mr. Justice Bayley, who had given a decree in their favour; but his lordship referred them to the Appeal Court, to which they came now. The Rs. 1,000 were lodged for the costs of the suit, which had nothing to do with the appeal.

Mr. Justice Bayley: Suppose the decree is reversed and you are ordered to pay the costs of both parties? What fund is there for security of costs?

Mr. Kirkpatrick: I say the positions of the parties are now reversed. We have got the judgment. If the other party goes to court, they become the plaintiffs and ought to provide security. The suit is practically at an end as far as we are concerned as plaintiffs, and we are not required to give security for the other party.

The Chief Justice: If the money be refunded to you and the other party is successful, where is the security?

Mr. Kirkpatrick, referring to sections 365 and 366 of the Civil Procedure Code, said his clients were content to rest on the decree; they were not the moving parties; they were the defendants seeking to preserve the *status quo*; and if the other party went to court, they became the plaintiffs and should be required to give security for costs.

The Prothonotary said plaintiffs came for refund of the money after the appeal had been accepted. Now, if the decree was reversed, there would be no security if the money were refunded.

Mr. Justice Bayley: We look at the matter this way. While there is a chance of the decree being reversed, the security should not be returned.

Mr. Kirkpatrick: It was never intended that the security should last beyond the suit.

The Chief Justice: The suit is not finished until the appeal is heard. If you were ordered to pay the costs of the suit, where is the security?

Mr. Justice Bayley: The suit is still going on.

Mr. Kirkpatrick: In consideration of the practice not having been settled, your lordships will not make us pay the costs of the application.

Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Burder and Bayley, on behalf of the appellants and defendants, said the case would come under section 546, and the learned counsel, therefore, asked for the costs of the application, referring to the correspondence between the parties at some length.

The court made no order as to refund of the security. Costs of the application to be costs in the appeal.

A DEFAULTING APPELLANT.

SORABJEE FRAMJEE BOMONJEE *vs.* JEHANGIR MANOCKJEE CURSETJEE AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Mr. M. H. Khan for the appellant and defendant, said this was an appeal from a judgment given by Mr. Justice Parsons on the 3rd December last. The decree had to be amended and was not signed and sealed until the 16th January. There were disputes as to what the decree ought to be, and it was not drawn up for some days. The Prothonotary objected to accept the appeal as being behind the time. The learned counsel contended that it was not a decree before it was sealed, and that his client was within the twenty days from the sealing of the decree.

The Prothonotary said the decree was sealed on the 16th January; but Mr. M. H. Khan did not apply for it for several days and did not bring in the stamps, and the twenty days were passed without filing an appeal.

Mr. Budroodin, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, on behalf of the plaintiffs and respondents, said he had no objection to the court allowing the appeal to be filed on payment of his clients' costs of the day, as the decree was a most unworkable one, and his clients wished also to appeal, which was the reason for their being generous in the matter.

The Chief Justice said that, as both parties were agreed, the appeal might be allowed to be filed.

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CALENDAR.—FEBRUARY 1889.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon ..... February 16th, 3h 3m, a.m.
Last Quarter ..... " 23rd, 4h 46·5m, a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-rise.	Sun-set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	M. M.	M. M.
Sat. 16	Wesleyan Bazaar at the Town Hall. Volunteer Parade, Gymkhana, 2 p.m. Volunteer Artillery Gun Competition, Town Hall. Light Horse Volunteer Camp closes, Santa Cruz. Annual Point to Point Races, Bandora. Bombay Yacht Club, Ladies' Tiffin. Bombay Yacht Club Regatta. Cook's Harbour Excursion, 8-30 p.m.	6 29	6 0	W. H. 0 11 42m	5 41m 5 32a
Sun. 17	Septuagesima Sunday	6 29	6 0	0 16m 0 29a	6 13m 6 9a
Mon. 18	Bombay Yacht Club Regatta. Bombay Fire Insurance Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Bombay Arts Society's Exhibition, Secretariat, 5 p.m. English mail expected per s. s. Assam.	6 28	6 0	0 47m 0 59a	6 47m 6 46a
Tu. 19	Election of Councillors by Justices of the Peace. Jamshed Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. B. B. Royal Asiatic Society Meeting, 4 p.m. Novelty Theatre: Dandy Dick performance, 9 p.m.	6 27	6 1	1 20m 1 40a	7 24m 7 23a
Wed. 20	Standing Committee Meeting, 2 p.m. Laying a Foundation-stone, Nurses' Quarters, Women's European General Hospital. Novelty Theatre: Dandy Dick performance, 9 p.m.	6 27	6 1	1 55m 2 24a	8 4m 8 3a
Thr. 21	Alexandra School Fancy Fair, Albert Hall. Conversazione, Bombay Art Society, Secretariat, 8-30 p.m.	6 26	6 2	2 32m 3 13a	8 47m 8 50a
Fri. 22	Alexandra School Fancy Fair, Albert Hall. Gymkhana Athletic Sports. Byculla Club Ball. Departure of the English mails per s. s. Bengal.	6 26	6 2	3 12m 4 18a	9 37m 9 19a

* Left Aden at 9 a. m. on Tuesday, 12th instant.

DIVINE SERVICES.

SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY, FEB. 17, 1889.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral, Agutter in G—Hymns 162, 7, and 197.
10-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon by the Revd. J. A. Dougherty.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Revd. J. A. Dougherty, R. N. Chaplain, H. M. S. Garnet.—Hymns 162, 200, and 570.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Garrett in F.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m., and Evensong at 5 p.m. Thursday.—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE. (FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH).

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 83, 172, 197.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 168, 210, and 186.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon, (Parade Service.)—Hymns 34, 162 and 269.
6 p.m.—Choral Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 38, 83, and 172.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.

Colaba Causeway.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Revd. J. Parson of Lucknow.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Byculla, Victoria Gardens.
9 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Cordial invitation to all.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

FORT CHURCH.—Rev. J. E. Robinson, pastor. Temporarily at Y. M. C. A. Room, near Apollo Bunder. Divine Service on Sunday, February 17th, at 11 a.m. and 6 p.m. *Morning Subject*: "Binding the Sacrifice with Cords." *Evening Subject*: "The Bitter Cry of a Royal Suicide."
All are welcome.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 2 55, 116, and 114.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 118, 101, and 315.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion.—Hymns 83, and 319.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 290, 172, and 230.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion, Choral with Sermon.
5-10 p.m.—Children's Service with Sermon.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Children's Service with Sermon.
Daily.—6-30, 7 a. m., and 6 p.m.
Alms for general expenses.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 168, 83, and 82.

ST. NICHOLAS (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH. (Prince's Dock.)

8 a.m.—Matins.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Ry. Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 1, 1st tune; 66, 1st, tune; 293, 2nd tune; Ps. 145, v. 13, Chant 1.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Divine Service will be held at Bandora to-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, on the lower floor of Bandora House, late Marine Hotel.
The Revd. J. Row will preach.
All are cordially invited to attend.
Sabbath School at 7-30 p.m.

Divine Service will be held in the harbour on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock on board the ship "Valiant."

THE NATIVE PRESS.

A NATIVE VIEW OF THE CRAWFORD CASE.

THE *Sobodha Patrika* says:—Truth and common sense must make it clear to any man that if any administration connived at allegations of corruption or violation of public morality, it was Sir James Ferguson and his council. If any has boldly and courageously faced the evil, it is Lord Reay and his colleagues. The native community for years past was scandalised by reports of Mr. Crawford's misconduct, and the formal information of his indebtedness placed before the late Governor ought to have led to an inquiry as to his right to continue in the service, one of the chief conditions of the convenant of which he had violated. But instead of that he was allowed to compound and placed in charge of high trusts and vested with vast powers over large interests. Had the late Governor acted as he should have, the present trouble would never have arisen. Every friend of the British administration in India is therefore bound to remove difficulties in the path of Lord Reay and his council instead of adding to them. Natives of India, whatever their other defects—and we are not of those who would think it were beneficial to whitewash them, are keen in their perception, and we therefore call upon all manipulators of English opinion whether here or in England to be very circumspect in their discussion of the question and to guard against confounding the right with the wrong, or else they will exercise a very prejudicial influence on Indian opinion and the Indian press. We yield to no one in our detestation of officials who receive or pay bribe, and we shall insist, so far as lies in our humble power, on the removal of every one of such from the service, but it is clear this desire is rendered difficult of accomplishment by conduct calculated to embarrass and bespatter with dirt the very government that is honestly trying to make for righteousness. We appeal to papers like the *Bombay Gazette* which, without losing sympathy for the accused, have retained their love of justice and fair play and their allegiance to the cause of the purity of administration, and we trust that English opinion, on which we rely for much good, will not disappoint us at this crisis or show to the Indian that, where the interests of one of the race of its exponents are concerned, they are no better than the caste-ridden Indian himself, but are ready to wink at any means which secure their private ends, even despite the public wrong they may entail.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GRAND WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Capt B Jenkings, RN, H M S Garnet
Rev J A Dougherty, RN, H M S Garnet
Senior Lieut W Smythe, RN, H M S Garn

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE coasting steamer Hindoo, Captain Baker, will sail to-day for the coast port with a general cargo and 500 passengers.

THE German steamer Drachenfels, 1,451 tons, Captain E Groot, arrived in harbour yesterday from Leith, Bremen, and Antwerp via Ports Said, with a general cargo.

THE British steamer Rosario, 1,221 tons, Captain W Brown, arrived in Bombay yesterday, laden with a general cargo from Hull, being consigned to Messrs Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE Austro-Hungarian steamer Amphitrite, 1,485 tons, Captain L Lemesich, cleared yesterday for China with a general cargo, and Mr and Mrs De Lange as cabin, and 15 deck passengers.

THE B I steamer Arabia, Captain G F Shepherd, arrived in port yesterday morning from Bussrah and the Persian Gulf ports via Karachi with mails and the following passengers:—Rev Father Thymot, Rev Father Simonis, Mr Filgate, Dr Houston, Mr Joly Master and Miss Wood, Mrs Penny, and 145 deck.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, 2,385 tons, Captain R F Briscoe, sailed yesterday for Colombo and Shanghai with the China and Australian mails and the following passengers:—Messrs B M Vanis, W H Walmsley, Weedon, T Welton and Mr and Mrs Carroll, for Sydney; Mrs Willar, Mrs Calder and four children and Mr J Schultz for Melbourne; Mr J Tweedle, for Yokohama; and Captain Trewon, Messrs Tulschwager, Alexander, Devon, Fawcett, Smith, Mr and Mrs Anderson, Mrs Norville, and Miss Murkaham, for Colombo.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—FEBRUARY 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Mt. Lebanon	1555	Ellicott	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
" Othello	1934	Chambers	F	F. Muir & Co.
" Clan Macdonald	1716	Rule	G	F. Muir & Co.
" Rosario	1221	W. Browne	H	F. Muir & Co.
" Werneth Hall	2796	J. H. S. Millard	M	E. Bates & Co.
" Drachenfels	1451	Groot	P	.....
" Drumfell	1568	R. Chubb	Z	E. Bates & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
" Dco. Balduino	3044	G. Dodero	3	F. Bozzoni.
" Amphitrite	2486	Lemesich	5	A. H. Lloyd's N. & Co.
" Algoma	1892	J. George	6	K. Nixon & Co.
" Deccan	2022	Case	7	P. & O. S. N. Co.
" Rimpha	1490	C. A. Loading	8	Capt. Hodges.
" Idar	2595	R. Poland	9	E. Bates & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
15	Drachenfels (s)	Groot	Leith, Jan 1.
	Rosario (s)	Brown	Hull, Jan 11.
	Arabia (s)	Shepherd	Buarch, Feb 2.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
15	Arara (s)	McKinlay	Marseilles.
	Khandalla (s)	Alexander	Calcutta and Coast.
	Siam (s)	Weighell	China.
	Kaiser-i-Hind (s)	Briscoe	Colombo & Shanghai

The following vessels will sail to-day:—
Steamer Amphitrite, Lemesich, for China.
" Hindoo, Baker, for Cutch Mandvie and Coast.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Rosario, for Aden and Odessa.
" Strathmore, for Dunkirk.
" Lisnacreive, for Trieste and Venice.

CALCUTTA.

Feb.
11 Commilla s ..... Fanssit ..... Rangoon, Feb 4.
Maharaja s ..... Young ..... Bombay, Jan 28.

DEPARTURES.

February 11.—Steamers Ethiopia and Peshwa.

MADRAS.

Feb.
ARRIVAL.
13 Goalpara s ..... Rangoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Mt Lebanon s—200 bales cotton, J Fachiri; 105 bales wool, G Kessowji; 40 bales hemp and 312 cwts myrabolums, W and A Graham and Co; 300 bales cotton, Killoh Nixon and Co; 70 cwts cloves, M Ludha; 300 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co;
Rimpha s—450 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Siam s—4 cwts ivory, C Allcobhai.
Drumfell s—157 cwts ginger, H Gokaldass; 33 bales skins, E Gangji; 1,200 cwts myrabolums, J Essa;
Clan Macdonald s—110 bales cotton, Lang, Moir and Co; 110 bales cotton, Darst and Co; 5,999 cwts linseed, K Lukmidass; 7 cwts Elephants tusk, R Chturabhoj; 82 cwts gum, H Khakoo; 125 bales hemp, J L Kersten.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—3,998 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Othello s—200 bales cotton, T H Moore and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Algoma s—5,001 cwts rapeseed, Lyon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Idar s—500 bales cotton, 4,500 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.
Werneth Hall s—3,754 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 250 cwts mowdaseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR BRISTOL.

Tiverton s—440 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Elektra s—1,045 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Tiverton s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR PIRAEUS.

Elektra s—250 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—50 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.
Idar s—400 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld.

FOR BARCELONA.

D Balduino s—30 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—400 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld.

FOR KOBE.

Deccan s—200 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 125 bales twist, S J David and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Deccan s—100 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 80 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld.

FOR HONGKONG.

K Hind s—25 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 5 11 chests opium, S N Talati and Co; 9 chests opium, B. Balchand; 7 chests opium, N G Sassoon; opium, R Jugganath; 5 chests opium, D Dwarkabux; 25 chests opium, Tatta and Co; 26 chests opium, S J David and Co.
Deccan s—125 bales twist, C Ebram; 300 bales twist, S J David and Co; 300 bales twist, D P Marker and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

K Hind s—28 chests opium, D Sassoon and Co; 7 chests opium, N J Sassoon; 35 chests opium, T Luckminarayen; 17 chests opium, R Jagganath; 10 chests opium, D Dwarkabux; 33 chests opium, S Abraham; 22 chests opium, R Hurbellas; 13 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 13 chests opium, Tatta and Co; 5 chests opium, H Hurdeodass; 8 chests opium, R Bholaram; 14 chests opium, S Sathia; 7 chests opium, G Shobhagmull; 17 chests opium, P Agurchand; 10 chests opium, B Balchand; 22 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 16.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

380-88—Tobin and R—Sir Henry Morland vs The G I P R Co—Little, S, F and N.—Part heard.
381-88—Tobin and R—Dame F H H Morland vs The G I P R Co—Little, S, F and N.—Part heard
378-87—Little, S, F and N—C A Turner vs Rahimbhai Alladinbhai—T D and Cama.—Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

For investigation of pauperism.

5088—In person Ramcrushna Bhagvantrao and another vs C S Turner and others.
3-89—In person Pestonji Cowasji vs Cursetji Ruttonji Kolah—Wadia and G.
4-89—In person Bai Chatoor vs Cutchra Gooman.
40-88—In person Babaji Dugudappa vs Paroobai and another.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Defended New Long Cause.
517-88—Jefferson, B D and K—Mahomed Haji Cassum and another vs The Chartered Mercantile Bank of I L and China—W B and Bayley.
Postponed Long Causes.
372-87—Bomonji, and H—Narayen Heraji vs M I Quinney—Tyabji and D.—Part heard.
151-88—Hore, C and B—A H Campbell and others vs Narrotum Hansraj—Mansukhlal, D and J.
474-88—Hore, C and B—P Barretto and others vs. J D DeMello and others—Nana and R.
292-88—Thakurdas, D and C—Morarji Khimji vs. Koreji Jewraj and others—Mansukhlal, D and J.
268-88—Payne, G and S—G G Volkart and others vs Lallji Cutchra and others—Thakurdas, D and C.
319-88—Mansukhlal—D and J—Sudaloxumi vs Mahalusumi—Mirza, H M.
482-88—Jefferson, B D and K Thacker Soondarji Premji and another vs Nensey Kheraj and another—Tyabji and D.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 15.

A DECLINE of 1-16d. in Silver, at 42 9-16d. per oz., is reported by Reuter's London telegram of last evening, and confirmed through other channels; Rupee Securities, however, were unchanged in each denomination. Consols remained at 99 and Indian Sterling Loan at 108. In Paris, Rentes were still quoted at 83⅜; but Exchange on London was a centime higher, at francs 25·34½.

The Reserve of the Bank of England, according to the weekly statement issued in London yesterday, stood at 45 per cent. of the Liabilities, thus showing a decrease of two per cent. during the week. The Bank rate remained at 3 per cent. and the market rate on short London Bills was unchanged at 2⅛ per cent.; but that on 6 months' sight Indian Bank Bills was ¼ lower, at 2½ per cent. The weekly Specie shipments to India are not wired yet. Three lakhs of extra Wire Transfers on Calcutta were placed yesterday by the Indian Council at 1s. 4⅜—a thirty-second above Wednesday's rate.

The Markets for General Produce on the other side mostly continue to tend in favour of buyers. Linseed was flat yesterday with all arrival prices 3d. per quarter lower, excepting that for Bombay seed, in which the decline was 6d. per quarter, at 42s. 6d. Rapeseed was quiet at previous rates. Coffee was firm at an advance of 1s. per cwt. both in Mid-Plantation and Medium Mysore. Wheat was flat, and there was a further drop of 6d. per quarter in Club No. 2 to arrive, other quotations coming unaltered.

Cotton closed steady in Liverpool last evening; Surats easier. Ready Mid-American was unchanged at 5 9-16d. per lb; but Arrivals advanced 1-64d to 1-32d. per lb. The total sales aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats. The Imports were 29,000 bales.

In New York the spot price was still 10 cents, but May futures were 6 points higher, at 9·99 cents. The receipts at the U. S. Ports were 15,000 bales, still keeping above the figures for the two previous years, and making the totals now compare as undernoted:—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Thursday's Receipts...	15,000	12,000	12,000
Five days' do ...	111,000	71,000	72,000
Since 1st Sept. 88 ...	4,883,000	4,871,000	4,616,000

Our local market for the staple opened with a steady feeling, but at no actual advance in rates. In the after part of the day, however, a good enquiry for ready Cotton was felt, especially for Bengals, and the price of these became Re. 1 per candy higher, other ready rates remaining unaltered. Dealers also put up the price of Bhownugger for future delivery to the same extent, but the only contracts reported have been between native operators Of ready stuff the largest purchases made to-day have been in Bengals, at Rs. 173-97; and Julgaum, at Rs. 193-204 per candy; but several hundred bales each were taken of Barsee at Rs. 193-205, Khangaum, at Rs. 203; Akola and Nugger at Rs. 196; Sheagaum at Rs. 200, and Mowa at Rs 219. Some old Bhownugger also found buyers at Rs. 175½ and Old Compta at Rs. 170 per candy.

WHEAT.—In presence of the discouraging accounts from the other side, this market continues very quiet, and hardly any fresh business has transpired to-day. Previous rates, however, are still quoted for all descriptions.

SEEDS, under the same influence as wheat, are without animation, transaction being on a very limited scale, and the market quiet in tone; but with our quotations of yesterday repeated, all sound.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follow—

Cotton	14,347 bales.
Wheat	11,646 cwt.
Linseed	5,803 "
Rapeseed	1,280 "
Gingelly	11,308 "
Ground Nuts	5,464 "

FREIGHTS are firm and rates closed this evening about 1s. 3d. per ton higher than they opened in the morning. The Clan Forbes (s) has been fixed for March loading at 27s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE has been quiet to-day, but fairly steady. Credits for the mail have been done at 1s. 4 25-32d.; and for next mail we quote 1s. 4⅞d., and 1s. 4 11-16 for the mails of the 1st and 8th proximo. A small amount of ready Wire Transfer was sold at 1s. 4 19-32d., but 1-32d. lower has been the general rate. We quote ready rates at closing as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand		1s. 4 19-32d.	per rupee
Do.	Telegraphic	1s. 4 9-16d.	"
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 4 11-16d.	"
Credits	3 do.	1s. 4 25-32d.	"
Francs	3 do.	1-77½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER continues to advance, and a further rise of ¼ per cent in the cash price of Fours has been established to-day in a strong and rather active market. For the 2nd March account the rate is now 93⅜ and for the end of that month 93 11-16. For 4½ per cents the price is still 102½ to 203 nominal.

SHARES.—There has been next to nothing doing in this market to-day, and the only changes which we make in our list this evening are an advance of Rs. 7½ in Luckmidas Khimji Mill shares, at Rs. 367½ of Rs. 5 in Jevraj Balloo, at Rs. 1,015; and of Rs. 2½ in Manockji Petit, at Rs. 1,212½ per share.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	13 pct.	915
Bank of Bengal	40,000	800	all	10 do.	280xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	400	all	14 do.	850
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	4	4	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shang. Co oration	60,000	100	all	17½ do.	419
National Bank of India	97,320	$125 250		6 pct.	130

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs: 100	1,040
Empire Fire Insurance Co		6,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,300
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.	900	9,000	1,000	Rs 100	9,000

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,200	1,200	Rs. 75	1,225
Albert Ginning Co.	100	600	600	Rs.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	600	600	Rs. 20	250
Bellary	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	275
Broach Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	180
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,25	1,250	Rs. 0	615
East India Press Co.,	0	1,00	1,000	Rs. 130	1185
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	25			270
Fort Press Co.	100	5,500	5,500	Rs. 0	1575
French Press Co.	200	600	600	Rs. 80	530
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	800	800	Rs.	415
Khangaum Cotton Press Co.	250	400	all	Rs. 40	40
Manmad Manufg. Co.	1,00	250	125	Rs. 0	135
Mazagaon Press Co.	1,00	125	125	Rs.	575
Motasell Co.	2,12	400	400	Rs. 0	407½
New Bazar Cotton Cleaning & Press Co.	1,200	800	800	Rs.	530
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	824
Prince of W. Press	600	600	100	Rs. 3	3708
Standard Press Co. (Bellary.)	600	800	800	Rs. 0	220
Steel Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 80	435
Tata & Co's Cotton Press Co.	150	1,000	1,000	Rs. 125	1,150xd
Sassoon Press Co.	300	600	600		500
Volkart Press Co.	600	1,00	1,00	R	595

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	250	200	10 p.c.	109
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	750	200	160		151
Bagty Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 15	155
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	978		185	Nil.	71
Bombay Flour Milling Co.	730	60	9	5 p.c.	500
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,120	600	600	10 p.c.	570
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	100	10	5	80
Do. (3rd issue)	2,000	2,000	185	Rs. 41½	3,175
Bombay Municipal Bonds	2,000	62	975	Rs. 33½	7·5
Clydesdale Dyeing Co				5 p.c.	106½
Dhurjee, Madon & Co. Ld.	1,000	500	500		480
Deccan Paper Mills	2,000	9	101	Rs.	22
Ewart & Co. Ld.	1,000		80	Nil	470
India Guaranteed Surety ship Association	500	100	40		40
Kaiser-i-Hind Coal Mining Co., Limited	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	10½
Kirtichand Lighterage Co., Ld.	65,000	25	25		6
Kemp & Co. Ld.	61	286	250		150
Manaka & Co., Ld.	4,00	200	175	Rs. 2½	370
Napier Rattan Co.	4,000	20	100	Rs. 10	21
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	30	100	100	12 p.c	80
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	1,00	100	100		164xd
Oriental Land Association	5,003	200	61	10 p.c.	215
Peatie and Co., Ld.	5,000	20	2½	5 p.	21
Port Dunnin Co.	1,007	10	101	Rs. 1	40nom
Royal Flour

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE RUSSIAN MISSION TO ABYSSINIA.

LONDON, FEB. 15.

It is reported from Aden that Atchinoff, who lately landed at Tadjoura at the head of a party of Cossacks, has hoisted the Russian flag at Sagallo.

THE FRENCH MINISTRY OVERTHROWN.

PARIS, FEB. 14, EVENING.

In spite of the opposition of the Ministry, the Chamber of Deputies have by a majority of eighty-nine voted the adjournment of the debate on the Bill for the Revision of the Constitution.

M. Floquet has in consequence announced his intention of resigning.

MIDNIGHT.

The resignation of the Floquet Cabinet is announced.

The collapse of the debate on the Revision Bill and the resignation of M. Floquet and his colleagues have come as a complete surprise.

MANIFESTO BY GENERAL BOULANGER.

General Boulanger has issued a Manifesto, in which he claims the credit of having overthrown the Floquet Cabinet, whose Revision scheme, he says, is a sham.

He adds that the dissolution of the present Chamber of Deputies is fast approaching.

THE PRICE OF THE PARNELL LETTERS.

LONDON, FEB. 14.

At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day the *Times* produced the famous Parnell letters and other documents to prove the genuineness of the signature.

The *Times* paid three thousand pounds for the letters and gave three thousand pounds to the detective who was instrumental in procuring them.

DISCLOSURE OF THE MAN WHO SOLD LETTERS TO THE *TIMES*.

LONDON, FEB. 15.

The solicitor of the *Times* before the Parnell Commission yesterday testified to Mr. Pigott, formerly the editor of the *Shamrock*, having furnished Mr. Parnell's letters, which were submitted to an expert before they were published by the *Times*. He believed the writing in the body of the letters was that of Mr. Campbell.

THE TROOPING SERVICE.

PORTSMOUTH FEB. 14.

The Indian Troopship Malabar arrived here to-day from Bombay.

SEQUEL TO THE CRAWFORD CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 15.

In the Sindekar-Dabir case I am informed on good authority that Sathe has received notice to appear at Juner, where the Collector is in camp, to verify his statement laid before Mr. Vidal. If he verify it, the case will come on ; if not, it will be thrown out. The general impression here is that Sathe will not appear, as notice has not been served on him yet. If he should appear and verify the statement, summonses will issue to accused and the case will be fixed for hearing in Poona. Sathe is directed to appear at Juner or the 21st inst.

THE "GOLDEN GANG" OF BHOSAWUL

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOSAWUL, FEB. 15.

The case will open on Monday, but it is doubtful whether it will proceed far, as the prisoners will be tried separately. So far one dozen cases are complete, and they include all those who are arrested. Niell was brought back under the charge of Mr. Jeffries. The latter has successfully recovered in Bombay more properly than was alleged to have been stolen, and up to date more complainants have been traced. On the Nagpore side it is ascertained for a fact that Neill's confession criminates those arrested and also refers to others not in custody. I can add nothing more than what has already appeared, except that the police intend retaining Mr. Bransom, Barrister-at-Law, for the prosecution.

THE PATNA CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 15.

It is stated that the Bengal Government has recommended Mr. Quinn to take legal advice in the matter of prosecuting the *Bombay Guardian*, and that it would be responsible for the expenses of the proceedings. Counsel thinks it clear that a civil or criminal case would lie, but there would be great difficulty in prosecuting the case in Bombay, and there would also be a doubt as to proving the publication in Calcutta. Mr. Quinn, it is stated, has therefore dropped the matter.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 15.

The election of Municipal Commissioners is complete and without any friction having taken place in any ward. Though the heat of the contest was great in several wards, everything has come off satisfactorily. In the Rackhad ward notably Mr. Byramji Framji Vakil has been elected unanimously by Europeans as well as natives. Three gentlemen who were to oppose Mr. Byramji did not appear at all, nor was a single vote given for any of them.

APPOINTMENTS, TRANSFERS, AND EXAMINATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 15.

The Governor-General in Council has appointed Rao Saheb Vyankatrao Rukmangad, an Inamdar, to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Bombay Presidency.

Deputy Surgeon-General G. Chesnaye is appointed Deputy Surgeon-General of the Central Provinces.

The Rev. I. Willcocks, late Chaplain of Kamptee, having passed the high proficiency examination in Persian, has been presented with the authorised donation of rupees two thousand.

Mr. F. Henvey, the Resident at Jeypore and Agent to the Governor-General for Central India, is confirmed in the appointment with effect from the date of retirement of Sir Lepel Griffin.

Mr. W. Cowley has been appointed Assistant Accountant-General at Bombay.

Colonel Conway-Gordon, the Director-General of Railways, is granted special leave for six months from the 25th February.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 15.

Mr. Jacob, the Accountant-General of Bombay, will probably take furlough soon.

Sir Harry Prendergast will very likely officiate for Sir Robert Sandeman as Governor-General's Agent at Biluchistan.

THE PROPOSED MISSION AT KANDAHAR.

The Amir still wishes for a mission from India, and suggests Kandahar as the place of meeting.

THE PROPOSED RAJPUTANA DESERT RAILWAY.

Mr. Horace Bell's estimate of the cost of the Rajputana Desert line for 630 miles on the broad gauge system is 13 lakhs, but he thinks that the line would only earn up to 3 per cent.

DEATH OF MR. ROBERT ABERCROMBIE.

Mr. Robert Abercrombie, the well-known late member of the Bengal Civil Service, has just died at Somastipur.

QUETTA DIVISIONAL COMMAND.

Sir George White leaves Upper Burmah to assume the command of the Quetta division from 1st April next.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, FEB. 15.

The P. and O. Coy.'s s. s. Ganges, with outward Indian Mails of 8th instant, left here for Bombay at 10 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, FEB. 14.

The P. and O. Coy.'s steamer Nepaul arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, FEB. 14.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Drummond arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 14.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats easier.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16
The Manchester Market has been steady.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5-3½
8½ lbs. "	6-3½
40s. Mule Twist	0-9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight ...	1-4½
2½ per cent. Consols for account	99
3 per cent. French Rentes	83½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67½
4½ per cent. "	70
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108
Bar Silver	42 9-16

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £21,700,000 ; decrease, £300,000 ; public deposits, £9,400,000 ; increase, £1,000,000 ; other deposits, £23,300,000 ; increase, £800,000 ; other securities, £21,700,000 ; increase, £1,800,000 ; notes and gold £14,800,000 ; increase, £100,000. The Bank's Reserve is 45 per cent. of the Liabilities.

OUIDA ON THE USES OF THE ARTS.

(SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.)

THERE is a school, dangerously prominent in this day, which, addressing itself to the greeds and egotisms of mankind, professes itself to send forth the prophets and preachers of utility as opposed to beauty, and to decry and injure the arts as the chief ministers and creators of a beauty without use. There has probably been no period in the world, save that of its utter barbarism, in which absence of beauty was so tolerated, so little perceived, as in this century. Every development of modern invention and of modern science tends to this. In a truly æsthetic generation, machinery could have no place. Its assistances and its marvels would be too entirely overbalanced by the ugliness of its concomitants, the desolation surrounding its precincts and the foul odours accompanying its employment. All the uses of mineral oils could never compensate to nations of fine artistic sense for the frightful hideousness, and pollution perforce created by oil wells and oil works. No swiftness of travel and rapidity of communication could ever make up to a world of true culture for the filth and darkness of great railway junctions, the deformity of elevated railways, and the coal dirt and smoke fog inseparable from the employment of steam-engines on land or sea.

Machinery is in its infancy ; it is very possible that electricity will so perfect it that it may in time become beautiful and noiseless, and inodorous ; but its domination is wholly irreconcilable with any beauty of architecture and landscape, and the society which endures it must consent to renounce all title to a place amongst the lovers and leaders of either natural or artificial loveliness and grace. Those who admire this, and have their preference for it, and indifference to its inquiries on the ground of its general utility, are more logical than the larger number who endeavour to build a cathedral and a factory chimney with the same bricks, and who erect their art-schools in the same street with their gas-works.

Leaving aside the first question whether or no the uses of machinery do adequately compensate for its destruction of nature, of architecture, of bodily health, and of atmospheric purity, let us examine a little the truth of this accompanying assertion that the arts have no utility, that beauty *per se* has no influence upon mankind at large, that the butterfly might just as well be as ugly as the cockroach for any good that its loveliness is to those who look upon it.

The word utility is vague and of many meanings ; modern life has increased a hundredfold the needs and demands of the human race, and this fact in itself is of questionable utility ; the wants of the Greek hero of Thales' time were few, the wants of the London, Paris, or New York operative are many ; civilization has indefinitely multiplied the requirements of life, the higher utility would surely be to diminish them. Herbert Spencer could not live as Socrates did ; the ploughman of to-day demands more luxury than Alfred the Great commanded, the nurse-maid with her pincushion and her teapot has more comfort than Elizabeth Tudor had at her hand.

Is the increase in personal wants, coupled with the decrease in external beauty, of real utility ? Is not that impersonal and æsthetic beauty which is given by the arts of infinitely truer use to the mind and heart of man that the fretful and unappeasable discontent begotten by the sight and touch of cheap luxuries which are often just by a hair's breadth beyond the reach of attainment ? If cities, and machines, and manufactures, continue to increase and devour all beauty before them at the ratio which the last generation has seen, the arts must recede, and in time perish under them as the Latin civilisation retreated, and gradually disappeared before the advance of the barbarian hosts on Rome.

The two essential conditions for the existence of the arts, especially of the plastic arts, are natural and physical beauty in the world which is about them, and in which they move and create. The poverty of beauty in the plastic arts of the present day is but the result and reflection of the unloviness of life, especially of civil life, in modern times. When a painter or a sculptor still produces beauty, like Leighton or Hildebrand, he is thought affected by a generation which has forgotten what natural beauty is.

As yet there are still cities which are full of light and shade and colour ; there are still lands in which the seasons come and go in undimmed loveliness ; there are still forests and moorlands which are undisturbed, waters which are unpolluted, peasantries who are undeformed by the clothes of the cheap tailor and the ready-made shop ; there is still natural and physical beauty enough to sustain some at least of the traditions of art ; but these grow fewer and fewer every year, every year wider and wider grows the pall of smoke, the weight of bricks, the obliteration of local colour, local costume, civil idiosyncrasies, noble architecture, and ancient ways.

It is better for a man to collect the paintings of an epoch, or the drawings of an old master, than to lose his substance over race horses or adventuresses.

The time spent in the study and pursuit of art by those who seek in it the embellishment of existence is time spent healthfully and peacefully in interests which will perpetually expand into fresh channels, and make fresh and fruitful ground which otherwise would be barren or choked with weeds. It is easy to caricature and ridicule the connoisseur who cares only for before-letter impressions, for antique coins and medals, for Karl Theador cups, for chalk sketches of Montegna, for etchings of Durer or Callot, for editions of the Aldine press, or whatever special form his artistic preference may take. But, in truth, such preferences are of infinite use in the world by their preservation of so much which without them might perish, and the man who has such a taste, even if it be a narrow and exclusive one, will at least have one side in him, which is open to delicate impressions and impersonal interests, will at least be likely to possess accurate and interesting knowledge on one subject, if on no other. The connoisseurs are those who have carried on to one generation the art of another, who have rescued from the dust and refuse of time those jewels which the hurrying crowds would have trampled under foot ; the man who gives three thousand guineas for a writing table with plaques of Fragonard and gilt bronzes of Gauthiere is not the mere selfish and extravagant person which he may appear to the uneducated ; he preserves, and not for himself alone, an object interesting and valuable, both historically and artistically, over which its great price is cast as an ægis to save it from oblivion. A preference for any style of engraving, on any kind of porcelain, may be wisely welcomed in young people as the nucleus of a taste which, with culture and scope, may become a deep and accurate comprehension of art. A boy who has enough feeling and intelligence to collect such small old wood cuts of Bewick's or Della Bella's, as may come within the means of his pocket-money, will not be likely, when he comes of age, to waste his patrimony in billiards and brandy. A child whose young eyes have been trained to delight in a Harghen's Raphael, or an Edelerick's Holbein, or who has understood the beauty of a rose window in a Minster, or an aianthus capital in a hall, will not be likely in after years to send his hereditary portraits to the hammer to pay his racing or his gaming debts.

OUIDA.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb. 15.—The barometer has fallen over all India. The fall is brisk in North-West India and rapid in Upper Sind. A shallow depression has appeared in Beluchistan and Upper Sind, but is apparently of little importance. It has given half an inch of rain to Quetta and light showers at Jacobabad and Dera Ismail Khan. The temperature has increased, except in Southern India, and is five to ten degrees above normal in the Punjab, Sind, Guzerat, Rajputana, and Central India. Skies are overcast in the Punjab and the hill stations, where the air is much damper. Fine clear weather prevails in the other districts.

LADY GUIDES IN LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 25.

"WOMAN," says De Quincey, in one of his rhapsodies, "you are charming, only you cannot invent, and you cannot produce great poets and great musicians." De Quincey was a very clever person, but he was all wrong about woman's being incapable of invention. He was not born yesterday, or he would not have made such unfounded statements. Not invent, indeed ; why, women are always inventing. From the playful taradiddle that soothes the ruffled brow of dear papa to the bright scheme for lightening labour that finds its meed of praise in the columns of the *Journal of Invention*, there is nothing at which woman stops. Planning, contriving, starting new enterprises, from dawn to dusk, woman's head is a seething cauldron of novelties, one or other of which is continually being bubbled over.

* * *

Ingenuity in finding out remunerative employments for herself is the latest form the inventive faculty has taken, and in this the female brain has been of late eminently successful, as everyone will agree who has gone into the subject and taken note of the nice berths that women have fashioned out for themselves while inventing plans for benefiting others. The Lady Guides Association is a case in point, and the idea of starting it was a stretch of the imagination quite worthy of a master mind.

* * *

When first it was spoken of, we were all more or less hazy as to its object. Some of us thought of Alpine Lady Guides attired picturesquely in the correct dual garment, hauling timid, but enterprising travellers to Welsh or Swiss mountain summits ; and it must be confessed that we shuddered with alarm and shut out the dread vision from our sights. Others imagined them as pioneers to the Wild West, daring explorers, who having once braved the dangers of the unknown, were willing (for a consideration) to pilot later comers safely through second-hand perils. Others again thought of Lady Guides as undertaking a genteel form of Cook's or Gage's personally conducted continental tours, and conveying a clientele more aristocratically languid and less easily pleased in vans less radiantly scarlet, to visit the "Invalides" or the "Place de la Concorde" and to drop the cheap tear of sympathy on the tomb of those admirable old lovers Abelard and Heloise.

* * *

But we were all thoroughly wrong in our suppositions. It is not up Mont Blanc but Piccadilly and Ludgate Hill that the Association agrees to guide us—not across the sandy wastes of Africa, but through the dangerous, though well-trodden paths of the Strand that these brave volunteers undertake to see us safe. Miss Edith Davies, the inventor of Lady Guides, was present at a meeting held by the Association at the rooms of the British Artists' Society, Suffolk Street, on Monday evening. As a guide she would be practically useless, I should think, as she was quite too nervous to read her own address to the meeting, and so she would probably shudder at the idea of addressing a policeman and shriek from the notoriety of hailing a cab. According to her idea "the Association is to be the place of welcome to our foreign country sisters and brothers, their introduction, the passport to their freedom, the open sesame to their enjoyment." (And, I may add, also to their purse-strings.) "The Lady Guide Association is," she also said, "to redeem the pledge of our national hospitality." How it will redeem it I do not quite understand. I do not indeed see what our national hospitality has to do with conveying people round from shop to shop, helping them to choose bonnets and mantles and making them pay the bills, with a *douceur* to the guide into the bargain. However, I suppose our national hospitality can take care of itself. Lady Colin Campbell is one of the supporters of the movement, though not one of the speakers. Miss Tupton and Dr. Kate Mitchell, who has a fluent tongue on many subjects, took the largest share of the talk.

* * *

Dr. Kate Mitchell mounted her old hobby of competitive examinations, and made him show his paces in this new assemblage. She objected to the rule about examinations, but she did not say how else the guides were to be chosen. If it is on their own merits, as described by themselves, I pity the unwary traveller who falls into their hands. Better a thousand times be thrown on the tender mercies of a gutter urchin or the short-winded policemen. According to Miss Davies there is already a great demand for guides, so the Association is to form at once a Limited Liability Company and commence business. One of the rules will be that all shopping commissions must be executed at the firms recommended by the Association, the object being to prevent the clients going above their prices. The Lady Guides must not (alas, poor dears !) receive any presents from the firms the Association gets them all (happy Association). The guides, too, must wear a bracelet as a symbol of office, and carry a certificate, not of vaccination, nor marriage, nor even of birth, but of membership. They must know all the short cuts, the time-table must be to them as plain as the handwriting on the wall of the Assyrian King and a little more comprehensible, and finally they must have sufficient fortitude to resist the persuasion and the oaths of the importunate cabby. Guides may not hang about railway stations, nor, I suppose, may they hang with grooms and porters on a bridge. There are many things they may not do, though they are expected to mind the children. Finally, there will be fair remuneration without servility. I like to see an Association started on liberal principles, but I must say I think there might be a restriction as to the age of the Guides. Fancy arriving late at the Bureau and finding only a decrepid old gentlewoman guide left, whom, of course, it would be cruel to refuse on account of her years. Whatever other examinations it sets aside, I should advise the Association to have its guides carefully "vetted" and passed sound in wind, and limb, and teeth, or woe betide the Association. What Miss Tupton spoke of as the Association's "guiding legs" will, unless they are very agile, lead it to destruction.

* * *

Again, I am reminded by squabbling artists of Dr. Watt's little hymn of peace in which he compares fighting children unfavorably with the brute creation. "Birds in their little nests agree," he says, and though his observations do not agree with mine, for I never saw a nest of young birds without a fight going on, it is a very pretty thought of the doctor's and very applicable to the case. If birds in their little nests agree, so ought artists in their clubs. But they don't, though indeed it is very unæsthetic to make cross faces and wry mouths, and use naughty words towards one another in public. Mr. Whistler and the gentleman who has adopted the unmistakable title of William-Stott-of-Oldham have come to blows, or, if not quite to blows, to tongue thrusts, which are quite as painful and as dangerous. The why and wherefore is yet a mystery, and the question of the hour is which is the madder man of the two. Mr. Whistler has so often got into hot-water with his friends that no one is surprised at his falling out with William-Stott-of-Oldham, an eccentric individual, whose special grievance it was that there was another man of his name. Gossip tells a tale of how William-Stott-of-Oldham, when simple William Stott met in Paris the other William Stott and asked him to change his name, "I am sorry I cannot oblige," said Mr. William Stott, "but my linen is all marked." So the story goes that William the first went home and adopted the hyphens as his distinguishing mark.

* * *

A very successful concert, got up for the benefit of The Home for Destitute Girls in the East End, took place on Tuesday last at the Kensington Town Hall. Miss Kuhe, daughter of the composer, was the accompanyist and in fact undertook the hard work of manager on the occasion as well as contributing her own share towards the entertainment of the audience. Miss Kuhe is a tall fair girl with a graceful neck to which the habit of bending forward to look at her music has given a droop. She wore a low dress of black with jetty ornaments, a rather trying costume against the exceedingly delicate colouring of the wall which gave her the effect of a dark blot on the light background. Her accompaniments were sympathetically in touch with the singer and her own special performance on the piano was delightful. Mlle. Trebelli sang a Tarantella charmingly, but I would have liked it danced also to the jingle of bells and tambourines and the whirling of garments and pattering of feet. A pretty bright-eyed little woman with a winning smile, she got any number of encores. Her dress of white satin and lace was prettily made. The front of the low bodice was of satin made in the shape of a fan, with lace scarves passing over the shoulders and meeting at the waist in front and behind. Another pretty girl was the violinist, Miss Marie Douglas, also in white with a low bodice and clear lace sleeves. Mlle. Alphonsine Donilly's singing "In Sweet September" was very pleasant, and if she acceded to the encores we should have been in the hall still. Luckily she did not give way to such pleasant flattery. Gentlemen singers were in the minority, but those who appeared were very good. Mr. Bernard Lane's pleasant voice sounded specially well in "An Evening Song," and as an encore he sang something pretty about "Lover's Eyes or Lover's Sighs," which charmed everybody. Some recitations by Mr. Scott Edwards were very much appreciated, especially a piece which described an American's ideas of hearing Rubinstein. And the concert was successful both in a pecuniary and pleasant way.

* * *

A lucky American has been left a large fortune on condition of his marrying within a year. And this happy individual has decided that he will hold a competitive examination in order to choose the best possible wife for his money. There have been many entries already for his fortune and his hand, so I daresay he will make the papers pretty stiff. If I were consulted I should recommend some Tupper. His poems on Love and Matrimony for instance. Candidates might be obliged to recite

"Love is a sweet idolatry enslaving all the soul,
A mighty spiritual force warring with the
dulness of matter,
An angel mind breathed into a mortal,
though fallen, yet how beautiful !"

AN OLD BOMBAY FIRM. *

I.

THE financial condition of the Bombay Government in 1803 has been laid before the reader in the "Forbes Correspondence" recently published. But the first indication that the Government were getting scarce of money appears to have been on the 1st December 1801, when seven Bombay merchants signed an agreement to purchase 85,000 bales of their cotton. The price was to be what it cost the E. I. Company, with Rs. 10 per bale, cash down ; war risk was almost eliminated as armed cruisers were to accompany the ships as a convoy on their way with the cotton to China. The merchants agreed to purchase no other cotton until this transaction was implemented. This was called the Northern Loan of 1802. To some people now-a-days the transaction will not appear a large one, but even in 1866 it is doubtful whether any single contract covered so many bales. But considering the value of money at the time, the limited resources of the place, and then the infant state of our cotton trade ; and that it was the first instance of the commercial men of Bombay coming forward to assist the Government with ready money, it was an important transaction and one to which the attention of the reader may well be directed. On the one side was the Government, on the other side seven of our foremost men. These men were :—Charles Forbes, who represents the firm of Smith, Forbes and Co. Henry Fawcett, who had been Accountant-General in 1792, represents Bruce, Fawcett and Co. Alexander Adamson we have alread noted. (1) Hormusjee Bomanjee and Pestonjee Bomanjee were two brothers. Ardaseer Dady Shett and Sorabjee Muncherjee Readymoney. No living man (1889) has conversed with any of them in Bombay, for they had all disappeared before the men of the present generation came on the stage. But Lowjee Castle and Readymoney Hall contain the representatives or descendants of three of them, and the ancestral lands of the Dady family with their Tower of Silence, you may see on your left as you ascend the Siri Road on your way to "the Hanging Gardens." John Hector Cherry acts as representative of the Bombay Government in this affair. His monument is in or out of our Cathedral, but whether the marble slab which records his merits is within its walls or hustled like Colonel Dow's, the author of the History of Hindustan, into some godown I cannot tell. The firm of Bruce Fawcett and Co was then in full swing. Bruce was a Bombay Civilian of 1766, and before 1792 had established the firm, as Government servants were then allowed to do, and in that year he appears as Mayor of Bombay. If you wish to realize what that was you must roll all our Judges into one, for he is chief of the Administration of Justice. See him in his black silk gown with scarlet facings, and read that letter of his to Jonathan Duncan. (which we recently published), written, no doubt after he had been badgered by importunate natives for their money, the heat still on him ; he could not get his, and they could not get theirs. You will then see that Patrick Crawford Bruce "The Worshipful" is not a man to be trifled with. He, no doubt, would have quiet moments, and shut himself up occasionally from the madding crowd. For one or more decades several Government Servants had sent in their papers for safe custody to his firm. They were quite as safe as at the secretary's and had this advantage, that they could not be forthcoming at once against the sender. Bruce could amuse himself when he was storm-stead by the monsoon, at least with some of them, say the Gombroon Diary of 1752.

Here is a letter written by John Hunter in England to Governor Hornby dated 23rd May 1783. Hornby left Bombay for England 1st January 1784, so in these days of laggard Posts, he may never have received the letter or he may have made it over to the firm on leaving the country, or it may have fallen accidentally into their archives. One never knows into whose hands letters may fall, so perhaps the safest plan (there are exceptions) is to burn them. Anyhow this letter, however come by, deals with matters of great public and private import to a Governor of Bombay in 1783, and is not without interest to us, capitals and all, in 1889. We have space only for :—"The man at the head of your army is without temper or prudence. Power proposed to be given by Lord Advocate's Bill to all future Governors-General would make him more arbitrary than any Highland Chief that ever lived in Scotland, even than he who in Days of Old (and Ignorance) was used to Blow a Horn as leave to all the Kings and Princes upon earth to go to Dinner. I suppose Suffrein has left the Coast. Mr. Francis is most talked of for Bengal. The Bill will probably secure your seat and Governor Hastings for another year." The "other year" did not come to Hornby, though it came to Hastings. Goddard is the General whose forces got a hammering between the Ghauts and Callian in 1781. The "Lord Advocate" is Dundas of Arniston, afterwards Lord Melville, President of the Board of Control ; we have here also a Decree of the Mayor's Court signed by Mr. Bruce himself in 1792 both the document and seal attached are possibly unique. The Hon. Mr. Jardine kindly remarks thereon :—"A precious memorial of the past. The seal is wonderfully preserved. The Latin under the scales and serpent is, I think,

Nec spe, nec metu.

I suppose it means that the Mayor was as wise as a serpent, and held the scales of Justice at an equal poise, without fear ; or hope of reward." Bruce left Bombay and established himself at an early date in London, for Sir James Mackintosh in 1804 mentions Bruce De Ponthieu and Co. as a house of call for old Indians. On and after 1816 the name of Remington and Co. (Mr. Remington had been in Bombay from nearly the beginning of the century) takes the place of Bruce, Fawcett and Co., and this firm strode lustily along on the road to fortune. In the first decade of the century, Forbes and Co. and this house were closely allied. They had so many interests in common, that in vulgar parlance they could not afford to quarrel. They were two leading names—in fact the only leading names, and were often identified in one common enterprise. It was so we have seen in the Bombay crisis of 1803, when they were linked together in their praiseworthy relations with the Government. John Forbes was a partner of Bruce, Fawcett and Co. in 1812. But not only with Government, but in every gathering in Bombay, political, commercial, or social, these two firms for nearly three-quarters of a century were represented, and they were the leading representatives. In the church as in the world seats were vested in their names for all time. Forbes's pew was next the Governor's *seniores priores*. But next to Forbes' was Remington's. Outside the charmed circle was all the world to take its place of rest, and outside the Cathedral, in that narrow fringe cut off from the Bombay Green, their dead may be found at no great distance from each other. It is seldom indeed that commercial, firms have maintained such a long supremacy and we are not, we think, exceeding the bounds of truth when we say, that for fifty years no vacancy in the Legislative Council and latterly no seat in the old Bank, while it lasted, could be filled up without them. So late as 1838, when the Chamber of Commerce was established, it was remarked that by the absence of their names the new venture, which was so successful, seemed to be shorn of half its strength. And on any great, public, occasion—take Outram's Banquet for example, in 1842, when Henry Fawcett was elected to the chair—popular opinion was in the same direction. The position was a well-earned position, for it had been won during a long series of years, by intelligence, industry, and perseverance. I am not astonished if Charles Forbes and Patrick Bruce were proud men. They had reason to be proud, for no living man in Bombay now-a-days occupies a precisely similar position. They were individuals, not persons. Bombay in its early days was altogether different from what it is now.

The Political Machine itself was different. Its Governors made treaties with the great Powers of Western India, with the Mahrattas, with Hyder Ali, with the Shah of Persia. Its Judges were merchants. So was it with the commercial machine ; all the financial talent which now floats in so many busy brains was centred in the heads of one or two people. No communication by telegram to warn, instruct, or vex. Two firms did all the banking business of the place. There was no Government servant so small that he did not use Forbes or Remington, and none so big as to be able to do without them. The firm of Remington and Co., near Apollo Gate, and that across the seas in Broad Street for our purpose were one. The partners, as we have seen, began one as Mayor and another as Accountant-General. They ended (this was the London House) before there was any Suez Canal, by furnishing a chairman to the P. and O. Co. and a Member of Parliament to the City of London. This was in the Reformed Parliament of 1833 and the gentleman still survives. But why do we weary the reader ? Is not the air in politics and literature still rife with Colvins and Crawfords, men of mark—men distinguished from their fellows by force of character and indomitable will ?

It would be a great mistake to conclude that the men of this generation in Bombay were of the usual type, "lean and sallow," which romance has given to the Nabob of an earlier date. You have only to spend five minutes in our Town Hall to get quit of such an idea. You will there see three men done in marble by Chantrey. They are purposely of colossal proportions, but they were all men of uncommon size and intellectual strength. Malcolm's head and feet were so big that he had to order his

* Book of Bombay, 1882

at and shoes from England.† The weakest and most intellectual of them lived the longest. These three men often took counsel together and went to the House of God in company. They were giants in those days, and one of them is Sir Charles Forbes, about whom we have something to say. Another error is that the Indian merchants confined their dealings to gold and silver, to silk or precious stones. This also is a mistake. They were engaged in supplying the material wants of an increasing colony, which was half military, half commercial ; they were engaged in shipping the products of India to Europe or to China, as all Indian merchants have been from the days of Solomon. A glance of the Remington Papers dispels all such notions. Amid the gleam of Pagodas and Venetian Sequins we descry bales of cotton, piles of timber, heaps of cordage. Plate, wine, guns crop up at intervals. An invoice of presents from some potentate to the King of England is followed by an order for 500 canvas bags from Bankote. "Do you want any more horses from Anatolia," writes one from Asia Minor. "Insure," writes another, "Rs. 8,000 on 90 Caffres from Goa to Colombo," while a third requests his name to be put down for one more share of the 'Insuring Insurance Society." Or James Outram, from the storming of Panalla, sends a sick man, and withal to pay his passage home—money or not money—put that to my account. To play base ball at M'toonga, to saunter on the battlements, to eat oyster suppers at Oorun, to drink punch at Cameron's Tope, dignified with champagne and the name of the "Sans Souci Club" once a month were their amusements. Only once do I find in fifty years one of their partners, more adventurous than the rest, making an excursion to the Dekhan. "I hope Stevenson has returned sound in body and mind, notwithstanding the seducing Caves of Ellora." This was in 1816. For days he was detained in one place by the Pindarries, and could not proceed to Poona until he got an escort of twenty soldiers. From Poona it was quite as bad. The "Pins" (as we speak playfully of the Gyps) had murdered a European woman at Karli, so he made a run for it, and by dint of strong relays of horses and a fair wind from the south managed to get to Bombay in one day. "Send some dinner to Panwell and my gharry to the New Pier, and tell Jehu to wait all day and all night, for how can I tell when I may arrive." You may be sure the sun was quite as hot and the musquitoes quite as big as they are now, and that there was a bundle of musty letters from some six months old awaiting his arrival, for Bombay had not yet tasted the benefits of steam or a weekly mail.

Charles Forbes was a son of the Rev. Geo. Forbes of Lochell, a parish in the Highlands. He had noble blood in his veins, for after he was created a Baronet for his worth, wealth, and personal abilities, a Jury at Aberdeen found he was the nearest heir male to the third Lord Forbes of Pitsligo. His residence and place of business in Bombay within and close to the walls is now occupied by David Sassoon and Co. at the corner of what has been called after him Forbes Street. He was married in 1800, and at the time he wrote the letter to Governor Duncan in 1803 on the Bombay Crisis, he was 29 years of age. The present is the fifth Baronet. The poet's words are often verified :—

"Like leaves on trees the race of man is found
Now green in youth, now shed upon the ground ;
So generations in their course decay,
So flourish these when those have passed away."

The Governor of Bombay paid him a high compliment in asking for his views on the pecuniary distresses. But everybody will agree that he was worthy of it, for his letters display uncommon ability in one so young, not only in expression, but in the remedies he suggested, the best proof of which is that his measures were carried out by Government and tided the "Company" over until the needed relief came.

J. D.

† Nusserwanjee Framjee, Esq., now 86, and the only thing he can (1889) recollect of Malcolm.

THE "GOLDEN GANG" RAILWAY ROBBERIES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BHUSAWUL, FEB. 14.

IT is but right that the statement which has been made to the effect that the Golden Gang consists of European guards should be qualified to some extent. As a matter of fact, of the five who are in custody only two are Europeans, namely, Spink and Neill. The others, Myles, Spink's brother-in-law, Sterling, and Fernandez, are all Eurasians, and who and what the others are whom Neill's statement implicates I am unable to say, as the police have discreetly maintained silence upon the entire affair. As I stated in my telegram, Neill's action in Bombay seems to have quite surprised the others whom he names as belonging to the "Golden Gang," though it appears that for some time prior to his arrest he was suspected. All those who have been arrested have been taken into custody apart from the confession made by Pompey No. 2., who, it will be remembered, is Neill. Certainly the statement he made directed the action of the Railway Police, and the result is shown in the arrests that have been made. Before alluding once more to the mode of operation resorted to by Neill, and which, it may be assumed, was that followed by the others who were guilty of like offences, it may be well to refer to the four who are now in the custody of the Police. Spink has been described as Pompey No. 1, and he is an old railway hand, having joined the company seven years ago. Those who know him say he seemed to be one least likely to have taken a part in the proceedings of such a gang, but it is well known that he, as well as the others, was always very impecunious. He worked as guard on the Nagpore section as far as Budnera, and with him was associated his brother-in-law, Myles, who served as second guard. He was arrested after he was found to have been in possession of a box containing stolen property, and when it was discovered that he had given a Eurasian lady at Budnera, named Mrs. D'Souza, a large quantity of goods, jewellery, as well as wearing apparel. Among the small presents it appears was a gold watch with a large diamond star on the back of the case, and otherwise studded with jewels. These the Police discovered before they had been secreted as some of the other presents were. However, Spinks was summarily arrested. He denies having made these little presents, but the lady, I understand, maintains he did. The next man, Myles, is a young Eurasian, and brother-in-law to Spinks, but has no family. With him again the Police found stolen property, and in addition there was a case of theft on his train with complicity in which they charge him. Myles stoutly denies being in any way connected with the "Golden Gang." He appears to think that the Police were unjustified in arresting him, and he threatens to seek substantial damages from them. He urges the only reason they can have in retaining him in custody was because he was a relative of Spinks. Sterling is a sturdy Eurasian, who has been nine years on the railway. He likewise denies having had anything to do with Neill and the others. He was merely pitched upon, he says, because he was a mate of Neill's, and had once allowed the latter to borrow money for him, pledging stolen property to do so. He states that Pompey No. 2 had told him the necklace belonged to Mrs. Neill, and though, as it appeared afterwards, the necklace was similar to those worn by native ladies, he had no suspicion that it was not honestly obtained. Another reason which Sterling gives as that which might have led to his arrest is that he had a quarrel with Neill, and the latter was now out of mere spite dragging him down.

Of Neill's proceedings more is known, because he has been very free in admitting his robberies and living openly a life which now has been shown to be inconsistent with an income obtained by honest toil. Faring sumptuously and living a fast life with boon companions, it was generally supposed that he was living on money borrowed from Marwarees. It has already been stated how he was arrested in Bombay, where he continued his fast life, it is alleged, among women who had no reputation to lose.

His *modus operandi* was very simple. Passengers' goods which are booked through from distant places should, according to the rules of the company, be placed in what are called road-vans, in which they are locked till they reach their destination. Neill, however, it appears, whenever he had an opportunity, placed these goods in his own brake-van, where he was able to have access to them on the journey. If parcels or goods locked through were tampered with there was but the faintest chance of discovery. It was thus that Neill and the others were able so effectually to carry on their depredations. Local parcels and goods, which were to be delivered at stations at which the train touched, and which also were always kept in the brake-van, were not allowed to go free of inspection.

These instances of Neill's thefts are authentic, at least they have come from himself. They show that he was always provided with the necessary tools to enable him to partially destroy the packing of goods and then make the parcels as perfect as possible under the circumstances. The fact of his having operated on goods which had been booked through lends a semblance of truth to the "Pompey" story that he was coached by an older hand. As far as can be judged at present, they will all be charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of the property connected particularly with each.

Mr. Little, Public Prosecutor, is to prosecute and Lord Colin Campbell and Mr. Stanyon, of Jubbulpore, will conduct the defence. Mr. Walker, the Assistant Collector, will try the case, which is fixed for hearing on Monday. The police, however, may not proceed unless their chain of evidence is complete. So far property of the value of fifteen thousand rupees has been identified.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, FEB. 14.

10 p.m. ...	76·0

FRIDAY, FEB. 15.

would then lie on behalf of the defendant to give some evidence of contributory negligence by the plaintiffs, without which the accident would not have happened. As to the evidence relating to the negligence of the railway company, Mr. Latham said he did not think the court would draw the slightest presumption of negligence on their part from the mere fact of the road-metal being placed in the yard. The stones were heaped by the company on their own land for the purpose of repairing the road, and they had a perfect right to place them there. It was not suggested that there was not enough of the road left for any person who was aware of the heaps to drive clear of them. A striking corroboration of the fact that the heaps really caused no obstruction was that similar heaps had been placed in the yard the year previous for a whole season and yet not a single accident had taken place. The suggestion that free passage was obstructed by the heaps being placed along the road came only from Mr. Roughton, whose evidence as to certain measurements he had taken with his own pace came in conflict with the plans. The heaps nowhere projected from the line drawn straight from the eastern side of the gate. Coming to the question of light, Sir Henry said it was dark when he started from the station, and coming as he did from the ample light he must have had in the train, the darkness might have appeared to him greater than it actually was by contrast. As to the evidence of the coachman and the ghorawalla, of course, they would say that it was dark. There was a suggestion in the plaint, which, however, was not supported by any evidence, that it was in contemplation to light the road, but that it had not yet been lighted, in consequence of a difference of opinion as to the kind of light that should be used there. That was not the case. The platform lamps were amply sufficient to light the road. The road had thus been lighted for eighteen months, and no complaint whatever as to deficient lighting had yet been made. One significant fact was that Sir Henry was himself able to see that night the pillars that lay beyond the heaps of stones, which divided the station compound from the siding, though he (Mr. Latham) quite admitted that the plaintiffs could not see from his carriage the heaps of stones. Now, the question was whether there was negligence on the defendants' part such as to create a danger, and whether, even if there was danger, there was any such negligence on the part of the plaintiffs' servants as led to the accident. The law was very clear now as to contributory negligence, and the learned counsel thought that Sir Henry Pollock's explanation of the term would be accepted by the court—that contributory negligence entitled one to damages, only when the negligence was the proximate cause of the accident. It was quite clear, he (Mr. Latham) thought, that the coachman had driven into the station by daylight, but on this point the servants were that day rather tempted to carry the case further than was done the day before. The coachman, according to his own statement, had driven in half an hour before the arrival of the train, though here the coachman and the ghorawala appeared to be anxious to minimize the time of their arrival a great deal. But even if the court were to accept their own story, the sun was in the act of setting at the time, and there must be sufficient light to render the heaps of stones perfectly visible.

In resuming his address after tiffin, Mr. Latham called the attention of the Court to the fact that the coachman had been telling a false story in order to conceal the knowledge of the position of heaps. There was another matter which was of very great importance and it was the absolutely different story which the coachman and the gorawalla told on the day following the accident. Unfortunately the original document which was in the possession of Colonel Portman, had been lost, and consequently the defence had to rely upon copies. In their statements both the coachman and the gorawalla attributed the accident to the horses taking fright. After hearing the evidence of Sir Henry and Lady Morland, he (Mr. Latham) was not inclined to believe the story of the coachman.

His Lordship: After hearing the evidence of Sir Henry and Lady Morland, I do not believe that the horses had been frightened by the train.

Mr. Latham agreeing with his Lordship said that both the coachman and the gorawalla lied when they said that the horses were not under control. Both these men knew very well that the accident was due to their negligence or forgetfulness and they accordingly invented this story in order to palliate their own offence. They forgot all about the heaps of stones, which they must have seen while entering the station compound and not having kept a good look-out ran into the heap which they ought to have avoided. If the coachman had seen the heaps of stones he was, according to law, just as much negligent as if he had been informed of the knowledge in office of the railway company. Only one wheel of the carriage had touched the fatal heap, and if the coachman had but slightly deviated, he would have driven clear of that heap. If the coachman had only kept his eyes open, he would certainly have been able to see the heaps more especially by the aid of the carriage lights. The coachman having run on to the first heap of stones, it should have reminded him of the other heaps of stones stacked in the same direction. Even if he was absolutely ignorant of the heaps of stones, the second heap ought to have suggested to him that, there were other heaps there.

His Lordship said that supposing the coachman had seen the heaps while driving in, and had met with the accident while driving out, notwithstanding his taking sufficient precautions in the matter, would it be contributory negligence on his part?

Mr. Latham said that the coachman would then be in the same condition as if he had been told by an official of the company that there were heaps of stones on the roadway. The railway company should not be visited with anything like damages for want of ordinary intelligence on the part of the coachman. The railway company were entitled to suppose that driver was of ordinary intelligence.

His Lordship remarked that the plaintiffs case would have been very much stronger—he did not say that it was not a strong case as it was—if the horses were not under the driver's control.

Mr. Latham said that he was gratified with the story the coachman told about the state of his horses. The coachman told that story in order to conceal his own negligence in the matter. After all the elaborate evidence given by the clerk of the Meteorological office, it came to this, that the night in question was a cloudy night. The Poona train came that night at 7-2, railway time, instead of at 6-45, that is, 28 minutes before the train in which Sir Henry travelled arrived. The coachman said that he arrived about a quarter of an hour before the Poona train arrived, and that would bring him in practically at 17 minutes past six, when there was off course broad daylight. It would be for the Court to decide whether there was any negligence on the part of the company; and secondly, whether there was any contributory negligence or not on the part of of the plaintiff's servants. Speaking about the question of damages, the learned counsel said, that it was curious that Dr. Langley has described Sir Henry Morland's sufferings with greater rest that Sir Henry himself. Dr. Langley said that Sir Henry should go to Europe for a change for two years, whereas Sir Henry said that a year's change would be sufficient. The Court might allow damages for a change, but they should not be estimated on an extravagant scale. Sir Henry, for instance, was not expected to live while in Europe in luxurious style, he was not to give parties every night, or go to theatres every night, and engag seats in the dress circle, which would certainly be a very bad thing for Sir Henry to do if he was going to England for the sake of his health. (Laughter.) If he wished to live in such a luxurious style, certainly he was not entitled to do it at the expense of the company. If a man lived a quiet life in England, his actual expenses would probably be less there than in India. The damages with regard to the breaking up of the establishment, which was put down at Rs. 10,000, were estimated on an extravagant scale. It was ridiculous to suppose that Sir Henry would suffer to that extent in respect of the breaking up of his establishment. Speaking about the injuries Sir Henry had received, the learned counsel said that none of the medical witnesses had said that Sir Henry would be obliged to retire or that there was any likelihood of his giving up active life earlier than he would otherwise have done in consequence of the injuries sustained by him. Sir Henry himself had stated in his evidence that his general health had not suffered in the least, and there was no likelihood whatever of his being incapacitated from active service on account of the accident. It was a very hard thing to estimate the claim for bodily pain and suffering. While dealing with the question of bodily pain, the court should be no respector of persons. Sir Henry would suffer no more pain than an ordinary cooly would, and it could not be maintained that the pain suffered by Sir Henry, because he was Sir Henry, was more valuable than that of an ordinary man under his employ. The compensation in such a case should be tangible, but it ought not to be extravagant. As to the loss suffered by Sir Henry of his wife's society during his illness, certainly the court would not grant compensation on purely sentimental grounds. The court could only grant damages, if it were proved that owing to Lady Morland's illness her husband was deprived of the nursing which he was himself in need of. As a matter of fact, Sir Henry had the benefit of the services of professional nurses, who, it might be presumed, knew their business better than Lady Morland might be expected to do. It was well known that railway companies were concerned, the motto of juries was to assess the damages at the highest possible figure. But he was sure the court would not award damages without duly appreciating the tangible loss and ills sustained by the plaintiffs, if indeed, it were proved that the accident was due to the negligence of the defendants. More than twenty years ago a terrible accident had taken place on the Ghauts, and one of the persons who were killed at the time was Mr. E. J. Howard, Director of Public Instruction, whose widow obtained from the railway company a sum of Rs. 90,000. But that must be regarded as a very exceptional case. Then, again, Mr. Showell, the Magistrate, got £1,500 for a smashed foot. It must be remembered that these large sums were awarded at a time of panic which, if it did not profit anybody, certainly profited the profession to which he (Mr. Latham) belonged. (A laugh.)

The Judge: I do not think the bar has any reason to be dissatisfied even now. (Laughter.)

Mr. Latham, then commenting upon Lady Morland's case, said that her claim was not such as to demand serious consideration. She had not received such injuries as to necessitate a change to Europe; and if her husband went home, she would, of course, go with him too, and would be benefited by the change. Whoever heard of a sprained ankle and a little shaking being compensated even with a tenth part of the sum she demanded? He was sure there was not a lady in Bombay who would not be willing to have a sprained ankle in order to have the pleasure of a trip to Europe. (A laugh.)

Evidence was then called for the defence.

Mr. John Dawson, District Engineer in the employ of the G. I. P. R. Company, said: I have held this appointment since 1879, and have been an engineer in the employ of the company since 1860. As District Engineer I gave the order for the supply of the road metal. It would be the business of a subordinate to point out the places where the metal was to be deposited. The arrival platform of the new station has been in use since the 1st January 1882, and periodically every year I have given orders for the supply of road metal for mending the same road. The order is generally given just after the breaking of the monsoon. In the previous year I gave a similar order, and the metal was deposited on the road in similarly shaped heaps.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lang: The heaps last year were not in exactly the same places, but they were of about the same size and number.

Ramchandar Dadaji, a contractor, who supplied road metal to the G. I. P. R. Company, Dhakoo Vishwanath, a maistry in the employ of the company, who was supervisor in charge of the place, then gave evidence. In his cross-examination, the latter witness said he had not been specially told by anybody not to place lights at the heaps of stones.

Mr. T. W. Pearson, District Engineer, who was the next witness, explained the plans of the spot which had been prepared in his office. He had given order after the accident had occurred, to fence in the heaps, only because the Judge who was trying the case might be able to see the heaps exactly where they stood.

Mr. Joseph Phillimore, Assistant Engineer in the G. I. P. R. Company, was next examined.

Framji Burjorji, an agent of the Great Western Hotel, said that on the 12th August he went to the Victoria Terminus. He drove in a shigram that evening and he had seen a victoria and brougham coming in which he afterwards learned belonged to Sir Henry Morland. The carriages came in at about 6 o'clock, Bombay time, when it was daylight. The Poona train arrived punctually at 6-15 p.m. The carriages came straight up from the gate and took their position behind witness's carriage, after they had entered the arcade. When the Nasik train came in witness saw a lady and a gentleman alighting from the train. Witness left the station before the plaintiffs. When he left the station, it was lamplight. He saw the heaps of stones that evening, and had no difficulty in seeing them.

The case will be resumed this morning.

PARSEE GYMKHANA SPORTS.

Up to 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon the following number of entries had been made for the several events at the above Athletic meeting:—100 yards, 14; 120 yards hurdles, 10; quarter-mile, 13; half-mile, 8; one mile walking race, 26; pole jump, 2; high jump, 3; wide jump, 9; throwing the cricket ball, 5; one-mile tricycle race, 4; two-mile bicycle race, 4; three-legged race, 9 pairs; sack race, 5; 120 yards boys' race, 25; 300 yards boys' race, 12; and tug-of-war, six teams. Besides these events, there will be three races, each reserved exclusively for boys of the Fort High School, the Bombay High School, and the Jamsetjee Petit Orphanage, for prizes given by the heads of these institutions. It will be seen that, except for the high jump and pole jump, the number of entries is very good, and gives promise of a very successful meeting. It is to be hoped that before the closing day more competitors will come forward for these two events, which are as interesting as any from the spectators' point of view. We have been requested to state that the entries to the first thirteen events on the published prospectus will remain open till 5 p. m. this evening, after which no entries will be received in any case. The other events on the card are now closed. The order of events will be fixed and advertised on Thursday.

THE MAHABLESHWAR JUNGLES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—If steps are not taken shortly to preserve the few wild animals and birds that are left in the Mahableshwar jungles, it will be too late. Any one now visiting the hills who visited it fifteen or twenty years ago cannot fail to be struck by the entire absence of animal life in the forests. There may perhaps be specimens of *bukri* left on the hill. The little hog deer is now never seen. A few jungle fowls are still to be found, and the supply may last for another five years; the beautiful white bul-bul with its long white tail is almost extinct, and it would be difficult to find six specimens on the hill.

The destruction of the game, which is now almost completed, has been caused solely by the action of a few native pot-hunters, who find, strange as it may seem, European visitors willing to buy dead bul-buls and jungle fowl. The jungle round Mahableshwar is beautiful in itself, but its beauty would be much enhanced if it contained a little more life; and there is no reason why the game should not be preserved. The Sanitarium has been created and the surrounding forest has been preserved in the interests of the European population, and not in order that the native pot-hunter might pursue his calling. The whole of the valley is open to him. It is a matter of surprise that, although the hill is visited annually by H. E. the Governor and the Members of Council and Secretaries, and by nearly all who are in authority over us, still no one will lift a finger to preserve one of the great beauties of the place. As the whole of the forest on the hill is in the hands of the Forest Department, the local Government has, under the Forest Act, full power to stop all shooting in the forest, and the Collector of Satara can regulate the issue of gun licenses.

What is required is that the provisions of the Forest Act should be put in force, and all shooting of any kind prohibited for at least ten years, and that the issue of gun licenses after that period should be carefully restricted. Exception must, of course, be made in the case of tigers, panthers, and pig, but these animals are never interfered with by the native shikari; they are occasionally shot by the cultivators having gun licenses, and these licenses need not be interfered with. The protective gun license can be issued on suitable conditions to the cultivator and cattle-owner, as at present.

This letter is not written in the interests of the European shikari. The nature of the jungle is such that, however plentiful the game might be on the hill, little or no sport could be obtained by the methods usually employed by European sportsmen, and the closing of the forest to all shooting would not effect them. Nothing but an occasional tiger or panther is bagged by the European sportsman, and then only with extreme difficulty. From the shikari point of view, only, preservation on the hill would not be of much use, but the pleasure of the general public would be much increased if a little wild life could be seen in the ordinary walk or ride. In the Madras Presidency ample provision for the preservation of game has been made on the Nilghiris, and the public should insist on the same being done at Mahableshwar. It can be done legally, without any difficulty.

—Yours, &c.,
Feb. 12. C.

THE BISHOP OF DAMAUN AND CARDINAL RAMPOLLA'S LETTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent, "One Who Knows," tells us that the Bishop of Damaun has telegraphed to the Portuguese Government for instructions as to the publication in his diocese of Cardinal Rampolla's letter. The Bishop of Damaun's diocese is composed of about 60,000 persons, more than 4-5ths of whom are natives of Bombay and British subjects, and only 1-5th natives of Goa and Portuguese subjects, and of this 1-5th about 10,000 are our domestic servants, their children, and 5,000 clerks, shop-keepers, bakers, artizans, thundarees, and fiddlers, including, say, 500 medical men, proprietors, and petty merchants. The census of 1881 gives 27,000 as the number of Indo-Portuguese in the city of Bombay, *viz.*, native Christians of Bombay, Goa, Cochin, and Madras. Deducting therefrom the 15,000 Goa native Christians in the city of Bombay, as above, we have 12,000 Bombay native Christians, who are British subjects, half of whom are spiritual subjects of Archbishop Porter, who also has some Goanese spiritual subjects.

Such being the composition and distribution of the spiritual subjects of the Bishop of Damaun in the city of Bombay, and as he has about 40,000 subjects in Salsette, Tannah, and Bassein, who are British subjects, it is certainly absurd that we should have to be guided by instructions and orders of the Portuguese Government or of a King to whom we do not owe allegiance. If the Bishop of Damaun thinks that we are going to be guided by him in accordance with any order he may receive from Lisbon he had better bid us good-bye and take his seat in Damaun, and thence look after the people there as well as the Goanese in Bombay, who are his subjects, while Rome will take care of our souls. Fancy, what would be thought if Catholics in Great Britain and Ireland had to be directed by instructions from the King of Portugal or of Germany. The whole thing is so ridiculous that I need say no more. The number of Goanese Christians (men, women, and children) according to the census of 1881, being only 15,000, and adding to it 2,000 more as additions since 1881, we have a total of 17,000, and at least 9,000 thereof are women and children, which would leave only 8,000 as the number of Goanese in Bombay, and yet we are asked to believe that 12,000 Goanese attended the great meeting at the Framji Cowasji Hall. *Magna est veritas et prevalebit.* We all know the size of that building, and if there were 12,000 men present, which I know is not true, the number not having amounted to even 2,000, a large number must have been standing on the tiles and roof. In view of the fact that so many respectable Portuguese or Goanese kept away from the meeting, Cardinal Rampolla's denunciation and classification should not be wondered at.

A BOMBAY PADROADIST.

Feb. 15.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delight ul fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

REVIEWS.

A SANSKRIT-ENGLISH DICTIONARY.*

THE above is the first part of Mr. Apte's long-promised Sanskrit-English Dictionary. After Bothlingk and Roth's Worterbuch in German, Sir Monier William's is the only standard Sanskrit-English lexicon for higher students, especially the latest edition. But its price is prohibitive, and hence arises the necessity of a cheap but exhaustive popular Sanskrit-English Dictionary, which want Mr. Apte's work is meant, we believe, to supply. Mr. Apte and his industrious band of workers at the Fergusson College have done much to further the study of Sanskrit amongst the rising generation. Most of the Sanskrit scholarships and prizes at the local University examinations have been year after year won by pupils of Mr. Apte's School or College, while his Guide to Sanskrit Composition and Progressive Exercises have proved very valuable text books to the Bombay Education Department and even in Europe. The present number of Mr. Apte's Dictionary (pp. 1,200) does not go beyond the very first letter of the Devnagari alphabet. It is not, therefore, easy to say when this *magnum opus* will be finished, though we see the publishers promise that the whole will be issued in six parts "each at the interval of about two months." The part before us is well got up, especially the quotations under important words from classical Sanskrit works, and no efforts are likely to be spared to make the lexicon the cheapest and most exhaustive work of its kind in India.

* The Practical Sanskrit-English Dictionary, by Vaman Shivram Apte, M.A., Principal, Fergusson College, Poona. Part I.

INDIAN EPIGRAPHY.*

WE have to acknowledge the receipt from Government of this the first number of the record of the Archeological Survey of India since the department was re-organized under Dr. Burgess on the retirement last year of General Sir A. Cunningham. Indian archæological research has made great progress since the days of Prinsep and Masson, Thomas and Fergusson, while Sir Alexander Cunningham is our only living link with that heroic band of workers in the dark recesses of Indian history. His reports in over twenty volumes (though here and there disfigured by crude theories and popular anecdotes, the work of assistants, who were better engineers than Sanskrit scholars) bear eloquent testimony to his services to the cause of Indian research, while his works on the Bhilsa Topes and the great Stupa of Bharhut are landmarks in the progress of the early history of India. The Archæological Department, our readers will remember, was one of those investigated by the sub-committee of the Public Service Commission; and the report of the committee, together with the evidence of experts, notably of Dr. Bhandarkar, showed in what respects the department needed better reorganization. Under Dr. Burgess as Director-General (who, by some curious red-tape arrangement, spends six months of the year during the fair season in India and six months in Edinburgh), the presidencies and provinces have each an Archæological Surveyor in charge of general antiquarian research in the province and an epigraphist in charge of inscriptions, copperplates, coins, &c., that may be found therein. The record, of which this is the first part, is under the editorship of Dr. Burgess, seconded by his four provincial assistant surveyors and epigraphists—Messrs. Cousens and Rea in Bombay and Madras, and Drs. Fuhrer and Hultzsch in the North-West Provinces and Southern India. Like Mr. J. F. Fleet's *Indian Antiquary* this publication, which is quarterly (and not monthly, is intended to contain the texts and translations of Indian inscriptions in Pali, Sanskrit, Arabic, and Persian; catalogues of inscriptions arranged by districts; notices of treasure trove, coins, sanads, &c.; notes on pre-historic remains, anthropology, methods of practical archæology, Indian architecture, historical geography, history of Indian research, and progress reports of the surveys, &c. Inscription work, or epigraphy, as intended to be a principal feature of its contents, and the contents of this part, therefore, are transcripts, and translations of eight inscriptions, from an edict of the Buddhist Emperor Asoka, near Peshawar, of B.C. 250, to the famous Dabhoi inscription, near Baroda, of about the 13th century. The chief contributors to the present number are Drs. Buhler and Kielhorn and Dr. Hultzsch. In an Indian epigraphical record like this we greatly miss the late Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji, Dr. Rajendralal Mitra, Professor Bhandarkar; nor can we understand the absence on Dr. Burgess' staff of qualified Indian antiquaries, a point on which the secretary of State has in various despatches laid great stress.

* Epigraphia Indica and Record of the Archæological Survey of India, Part I., October 1888. Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

TWO STORIES BY MR. KIPLING.

MR. KIPLING has a pretty talent for versifying. He has written some capital little social poems, but a style that is eminently readable in poetry is not necessarily so in prose, and it must be owned that neither of his two books, "Soldiers Three" and "The Story of the Gadsbys," comes up to the expectations that may have been formed from his earlier work. In the first place it is possible towards the British soldier—at least it seems so to non-military minds. If Mr. G. Atkins ever reads the histories of Privates Mulvany, Ortherio, and Learozd he will probably be gratified and surprised to find how well he is known and appreciated. Mr. Kipling gives us Tommy's language, and possibly his thought, in a way it is difficult for us fairly to find fault with. It probably not the writer's fault that the incidents are not always worth recording. The story of "the God from the Machine" is weak and uninteresting. How Private Learozd sold a dog to Mrs. De Souza is decidedly funny, but the best story is that told by Private Mulvany, "With the Main Guard." It is the best because it is the only one that has a touch of gentle human nature about it. After reading Mulvany's description of blood and the slaughter, graphic, if unpleasant, it is an agreeable picture that the writer presents to us of the Irishman setting Sergeant MacTaggart's child on his shoulder and the two other privates following and snapping their fingers to amuse the little two-year-old. A piece of humanity like that is worth all the cheap second-hand cynicism Mr. Kipling affects. Because it is affectation and this is more than usually apparent in the Story of the Gadsbys.

No one who takes the trouble to study nature even in India, where faults are always evident and virtues are often carefully concealed, can have failed to discover that those faults are only on the surface, that men and women are in the main honest and true, and that the immoral soldier and disputable grass-widow are the exception, not the rule. That as long as the world lasts there will be wickedness in it is certain; but only a young and very inexperienced writer takes universal wickedness as a matter of course. In this story we are led to imagine that it is a quite natural thing for a middle-aged lady to carry on a flirtation with a Captain of Hussars, for him to transfer his affections from the mother to the daughter, to be loved with absolute devotion by the latter, eventually to marry her, have a son, and consequently lose his nerves to such an extent that he is afraid to "gallop in column of troop." One would have thought that marriage and a sober life would be less trying to the nerves than a course of unlimited pegs and illicit attachments to other men's wives, all of which pleasant vices Captain Gadsby indulges in before matrimony. In describing these peculiarities of his hero our author cannot be accused of any false delicacy. He never minces matters; he leaves almost absolutely nothing to our imagination. He gives us two scenes between the newly-made husband and wife, for which sentimental is no word. A young couple may indulge in a good deal of billing and cooing, but the record of it is not particularly interesting reading. However, as Mr. Kipling has remarked in one of his stories,—if he had left these scenes out, how could he have filled one hundred pages?

The writer of sentimental ditties and plain tales has done better work than this. In the Dore Galley there is a statue called Genius strangled by Fame. Every young writer who achieved a certain amount of celebrity—even an Anglo-Indian celebrity—should go and look at it and take a lesson. The most sincere admirers of Mr. Kipling must wish that he would put away his pens, ink, and paper for, say, five years. During that time let him live as much as possible in the fresh open air, and he will then probably give us something with healthier and more manly tone, which it will do him good to write and the world good to read.

* "Soldiers Three" and "The Gadsbys," by Rudyard Kipling, A. H. Wheeler and Co., Allahabad.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 15th FEBRUARY, 1889.
Means of observations at 4 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·956
Temperature of the Air	78·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer	70·3
Dew Point	66·2
Relative humidity of Air	·658
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)..	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)..	89·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)..	68·5
General Directions of Wind.*	NNE, NNW, N, NE, WNW, NNW. N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*..	193

* From midnight to midnight.

THE ALBIN MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all chemists. Agents—Treacher and Co, Bombay.

THE "GOLDEN GANG."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am sorry to find that since the appearance of an article in your columns a few days ago, referring to the recent disclosures at "Bhosawal," people are very busily engaged calumniating the European population of India, but more particularly those connected with the G. I. P. Railway. It is said that these ruffians, known as the "*Golden Gang*" are Europeans, and that the Railway Company is to blame, because they make it a standing rule to engage Englishmen, in preference to Eurasians, that is to say, if the Company were more sensible and engaged Eurasians only, this fraud would never have happened, because, I suppose, the latter gentlemen are invariably, scrupulously honest and superior in every respect—perhaps they are.

This may sound very well, but it is not true; because the gang in question is not composed of Europeans, but of "*Eurasians*!" I have made inquiries into the matter, and I find that only one European is implicated up to date. The Railway Company then have not made such a great blunder in engaging Europeans, as our friends would have us suppose. It is only fair that the European side should be vindicated as well as the Eurasian, for the purpose of private convenience as well as of general information.

Yours, &c. C. A. C.

THE INDIAN ARMS ACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I should be glad if the importation of guns for one's private use were made an easier process. Every article bought from dealers is duly recorded in the license. This being so, I feel surprised to hear it said that a separate license is needed to clear off the guns from the Customs. The production of the license to use and retain a gun ought to be a sufficient authority for handing over the gun imported.

In the case of Europeans, Eurasians, and East Indians and (I believe) Portuguese, irrespective of the last being subjects of Her Majesty, the license is not required. If those Portuguese who are foreign subjects are allowed to have this concession, the refusal of it to Her Majesty's Hindoo and Parsee subjects seems to be inexplicable.—Yours, &c.,

SHANTARAM P. VASUDEO.

Bombay, Feb. 14.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It has caused no small surprise to see you cry down the resolution arrived at the late Congress at Allahabad on the Arms Act. Mr. Telang, when he talked of the dangers of entrusting criminal tribes with the use of arms had certainly not the example of Native States before his mind. No one in Native States is prohibited from carrying arms, and notwithstanding the existence of petty Chiefs or Thakurs in these Native States possessing both money and an extraordinary degree of influence, there have been no combination for which the privilege to bear arms has to be regretted or ever thought of being withdrawn, nor can the Indian Government point to any valid reason for demarcializing a whole country remarkable for the mildness and loyalty of its inhabitants. If dacoities are a prominent feature of some of the Native States, the general liberty to carry arms has very little to do with them, as you have already observed in your article on Kitt's Statistis on Crime that the usual weapon of the dacoits is the lathi.

Besides, one must not lose sight of the fact that it is not by any means inexpensive for an average native to enjoy the luxury of possessing lethal weapons. The general native public will always remain apathetic to the use of arms, and looking to the example of Native States there need be no fear that any general permission to bear arms would cause any embarrassment to Government.—Yours, &c.,

Gamp Goona, Feb. 11. B. V. J.

THE INDIAN VERNACULARS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—"Vox Populi's" advice to Lord Reay in your issue of yesterday to veto, in the interests of the backward classes, Mr. Modak's suggestion on the subject of the vernaculars, comes rather too late. His Excellency the Chancellor of the University is already committed to the view that in the Faculty of Arts 'greater attention,' should be given to the study of these languages than is given at present. Evidently your correspondent is not aware that this idea in regard to the claims of people's language to a more prominent place in the scheme of higher studies has its origin, not in the brain of any of his 'Brahmin agitators,' but in that Educational Magna Charta of India, the famous Education Despatch of 1854, drafted by J. S. Mill and approved and signed by the Court of Directors; and it has the cordial support not only of those who cannot certainly be charged with any lack of solicitude for the intellectual progress of the 'backward races,' but also of those who are not guilty of any warm sympathy with 'Brahmin aspirations.' I must not disturb any further your correspondent's philosophic cogitations over his 'Brahmin agitators' and their dark designs, and I will content myself with only disputing his title to speak in the name of the people, of whose spoken languages and literatures he professes his ignorance and seems almost to deny the existence. The real 'Vox Populi', of this Presidency has already declared itself unmistakably through the public Press including papers which certainly would not join a Brahmin agitation, and through three representative associations in favour of Mr. Modak's suggestion. I confess I cannot exactly understand the point of your correspondent's question. What are the vernaculars of India? If he thinks with Sir J. Strachey that no India is or ever was, *ergo* no "Indian" vernaculars are or even were, he is welcome to his opinion, although even here I may remind him that he is venturing too far beyond the entrenched lines of Mr. Lee-Warner's 'quadrilateral.' As India is, and long was, in spite of what Lord Lytton's Financial Minister has been pleased to assert—a strong, solid, political unit in the States-system of the world, so our Indian vernaculars also are and long were our spoken languages, whatever your correspondent may say to the contrary, each with a settled idiom, a grammar and representative literature of its own. If 'Vox Populi' would but bring it open, unbiased mind to the examination of this not an important educational question, I am sure he will see that it is not the 'Brahmin agitators' question, but in the full sense of the term the people's question, as having reference to the existing programme of University studies which impose upon our graduates and undergraduates a compulsory withdrawal, during their school and college career, from all touch with the people's living speech, and tend in no small measure, to impair their usefulness in after life as interpreters of Western ideas to their less fortunate countrymen, who are debarred by the hard circumstances of their lives from the privilege of University education and who are still halting (in the eloquent language of the Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University) 'on the lower levels of civilization.'

"Vox Populi" seems to forget that when the battle of languages was first fought, the greatest champion of the vernacular was the late Dr. Wilson, whose life was spent in the elevation of the non-Brahminical classes, and who could not certainly be mistaken for a Brahmin agitator.—Yours, &c.,

A NON-BRAHMIN.

Bombay, Feb. 14.

THE MAHALUXIMI FIRES.

THE following petition from the ratepayers of the Bhooleshwar ward with reference to the recent fires has been forwarded to Mr. H. W. Barrow, Secretary to the Standing Committee:—

SIR,—We, the undersigned, proprietors and ratepayers of the Bhooleshwar locality request you to lay the following application before the Standing Committee for due consideration:

1. It is a standing grievance of the ratepayers and the citizens of Bombay that whenever a fire breaks out a great deal of time is wasted before the fire-engines commence to do their work.

2. On the 4th inst. at about 3-45 a.m. a fire broke out in the 3rd Bhoiwada, Street and water was not poured in upon the house on fire for about one hour and fifteen minutes after the alarm was raised and intimation sent to the Pydhonee Fire-Brigade Station. We beg to draw the attention of the members that the station is at the distance of only five minutes' walk and it being the morning time water was at hand in the pipes.

3. We request the members to make inquiries as to why such unnecessary delay occured in utilizing water after the engines were present on the spot.

4. We beg also to draw the attention of the members to the fact that sometimes when the engines are on the spot, the fire brigade officers complain of the absence of water in the pipes and sometimes, when both the engines and water are ready, leather pipes are found to be leaking or something declared to be missing.

5. As the subject is of great importance to the citizens of Bombay we feel confident that the Standing Committee will make due inquiries into the general efficiency of the fire brigade department and find out the causes as to why water is not promptly supplied when a fire breaks out and as to why the engines are not promptly worked when water is at hand.—Yours, &c.,—GULLIANJEE NARSONJEE and 283 others.

A NEWSPAPER SCANDAL.

WE are promised a very pretty newspaper scandal, says the *Star*, in the action for libel, which has been brought against Mr. Henry Hucks Gibbs, the late proprietor of the *St. James's Gazette*, by Mr. Frederick Greenwood, the late editor of that paper. I have already acquainted your readers with the statement made by Mr. Greenwood that he resigned the editorship because he "could no longer retain it with self-respect"—the allegation being that he refused to allow the paper to become the English mouthpiece of Prince Bismarck. But the most amusing part of the affair is the further allegation that it was Lord Salisbury's influence—to a relative of whom Mr. Gibbs is married—which brought about Mr. Greenwood's resignation. The *St. James's* was a somewhat independent paper, and resolutely opposed Lord Salisbury's concessions to the Liberal Coercionists, and indeed any departure from high and dry Tory policy. Consequently Mr. Greenwood was a marked man in Mr. Akers Douglas's Press black list. His paper was rigidly excluded from participation in Government "tips," and it was suspected that some means would be found of silencing Mr. Greenwood's inconvenient criticism of the Government. The manner in which that end was attained will form the main matter of the libel action, which is looked forward to with the keenest curiosity. No doubt great efforts will be made to hush the business up; but Mr. Greenwood if he could be either frightened or cajoled from the career of his patriotic, would never have found himself out of the Chair of the *St. James's*, so it is presumed he will go on with the suit at all hazards.

LOW LIFE IN ENGLAND.

MR. H. J. BARKER concludes in *Longman's Magazine* for February his delightful "Studies in Elementary School Life." In a preceding number, it will be remembered, Mr. Barker gave us the English as she is wrote of the little children of the elementary schools. As examples of the way in which the common little boy, and perhaps the little boy who is not common, thinks and feels, these things, are invaluable. In one of the essays a little boy gives his impressions of "Our Street"—in other words, of the slum from the point of view of an inhabitant.

"Our street is not so clean as as the big streets, coz yer mothers throw the slops and things in the gutter and chucks bits of loyd's and cabbage-leaves in the middle of the road. That's why there 'allus a funny smell down our street, speshilly when its hot. I like to sit with some boys and girls in the dark passige what is by the side of our house, and tell tails about where you've been. The boys sit on one side of the passage with their backs to the wall, and the girls sit on the othrr side, with theirarms around one nuther's bodies, and they all listen. I don't know why girls are so fond of cuddlin' one another." It is better to get out of the way of drunken men, coz drunken men have lost their senses. Liza Ann the little girl wot lives up the next passage, but cums to our passage to join in, she says she likes drunken men better than drunken women. She says that, coz drunken men are sometimes very kind, and turn their trousers pockets inside out, so as all their money can fall out amongst the children."

NOAH AND THE SALVATIONISTS.

"When the gentleman called Noah", lived writes a little girl, "all the people in the world was so full of sins and marrying that the land smels of wickedness and uselessness. Noah used to actilly stand on heaps of stones to preach to the people. But they only laught at him, and pushed him off the stones, and hussled the poor man about, just like I've seen people go on at the Salvation Army. . . . My father says he is shamed to be called an Inglishman when he sees how the Salvation is knocked about and prosecuted. He says people will hold a drunken man up, but will knock a Salvation down. "Noah lived to be 950 years old," continues the young lady. "How nice. What a long time to be married." A passage of another composition might serve as a danger-signal to the social reformer. "I know a boy that got to be a sailor, all from stealin, some black pudden—id go and steal some black pudden, if it wasn, t a sin. Its no good of stealin' bits of sugar and little things like that because they only box yer ears for it, and never think of making you sailors. It does rile me so."

THE ZOO

A little boy whose father had been hanged writes an essay on the zoo:—

My mother and me then sat down and eat our bread and meat, and drank some milk she had brought in a gingerbeer bottle. My mother seemed to love me a deal that day, coz when we somtimes got to a quite place she would stoop down and kiss me a minit and once she arskt me if I would allus love her and be a good boy. . . My mother didn't seem as if she wanted to go back in the 'bus to our street, for she kept say in to me, Don't you think the grass and trees is lucet, Sunny Jo and John I allus 'said, Yes' mother and looked at them, coz she wanted me. I sat on her nee all the way in the 'bus, and went to sleep. My mother says my father is a soldyer: but she doesn't no where he is, and she thinks he died way in Afrika. The caged fox looks as if it wanted to be sly, but can't.'

POLITENESS

"Some boys are very rude over their meals. (This from an essayon Politeness). Don't keep on eating after you are satisfying, and you will be happier. Boys should always be polite to the girls, however vexing they may be. When anybody is giving anything away, always let the girls have their turn first. They like it. Girls are not so strong as boys; their hair is long, and their faces are prettier, so you should be gentle with them." One of these beings with the long hair and the pretty faces was asked by a School Inspector the meaning of the word "turf." "Turf, Sir, is grass and "clean dirt stuck together by God."

SCHWEITZERS.

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The FACULTY pronounce it "The most nutritious, perfectly digestible Beverage, and Invaluable for Invalids and Young Children.

Made Instantaneously with Boiling Water. Palatable without Milk. A teaspoonful to a Breakfast cup, costing less than One Halfpenny.

Retailed in ¼ lb., ½ lb., and 1 lb. Tins, at 1s., 1s. 11d., and 3s. 8d.

COCOATINA is the best COCOA for EXPORT to INDIA and the COLONIES.

"The Worst Complexion is improved by the daily use of Pears' Soap."

Pears'

Transparent SOAP

Produces Soft, White and Beautiful Hands; keeps the Skin Soft as Velvet, and free from Redness and Roughness.

Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other.

VAUGHAN-JONES'

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HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

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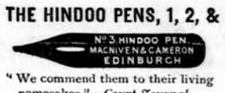

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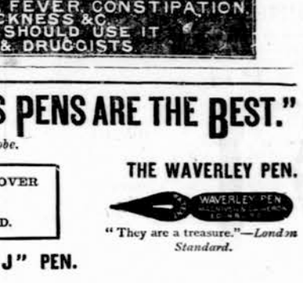

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My wife has been suffering from chronic eczema for two years. First we took advice from our local doctors, then she went to one in one of the first Skin Hospitals, and at last, being nearly "done up," she went to one of the most eminent physicians, but all in vain. She then determined to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and in one week after taking them she was able to walk and attend to her regular duties as lady of the house, and after the second week, I must say, there was no sign of eczema to be seen. W. P. W.
Full address of Messrs. NEWBERY.

Sold by all Chemists. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cts.; RESOLVENT, $1; SOAP, 25 cts. Wholesale Agents, TREACHER & Co., Bombay, and SMITH, STANISTREET & Co., Calcutta.

Allow me to express to you my heartfelt thanks for the good which your CUTICURA REMEDIES have done me. I have suffered for the past three years of eczema of the hands and arms, and have endured a great amount of suffering, and expended untold sums of money on doctors, attending various skin hospitals, and also on remedies of one kind or another, but all to no purpose, as my arms got worse instead of better; in fact, they were perfectly loathsome to behold. At last I was persuaded by a lady friend of mine to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after using three packages, the disease disappeared like magic.
ELIZABETH EDWARDS, Buckingham Road, N.

When I wrote you last year I was suffering with a very bad leg. It was swollen to more than twice its natural size, and broke out in four great sores, attended with most intense itching. Added to this, I had most dreadful attacks of sick headache. All my friends thought my work was done, when seeing CUTICURA REMEDIES advertised, I procured a set, which, I can thankfully say, quite cured my leg, and I have never had a sick headache since. Indeed, I was never better in my life than I am now. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this letter.
ELIZA PAYNE, Nurse, Castleaton, Fairford.

Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A. Send to Messrs. TREACHER, or SMITH, STANISTREET & CO., for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin, scalp and hair preserved and beautified by the use of CUTICURA SOAP.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

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For TWENTY FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE RELIABLE PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Hysteria, Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, dependent upon the Deficiency of the Vital Forces.

IT CURES Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
CURES Kidney and Liver Complaints.
CURES all Blood Disorders.
CURES Consumption and General Debility.
CHECKS all Wasting of the Vital Forces, From whatever cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard PHOSPHORIC Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is Really Marvellous,

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element—PHOSPHORUS, the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself, restoring the fullest and most vigorous conditions of Robust Health of Body and Mind, and whilst pleasant to the taste, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a Feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort, to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires Strength, showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

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Is the only Medicine of the kind or name awarded a Certificate of Merit, at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, where all Countries were Exhibitors and the only Trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act.

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Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each by all Chemists throughout the World.

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HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, N.W.

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"The infant was very delicate; our medical adviser ordered your Food. The result in a short time was wonderful; the little fellow grew strong and fat, and is now in a thriving condition—in fact, 'the flower of the flock.'"

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FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS AND DYSPEPTICS.

"It is palatable and excellent in every way. We have given it in very many cases with the most marked benefit, patients frequently retaining it after every other food has been rejected. For Children who throw up their food incurdled masses it is invaluable."—*London Medical Record.*

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A real opportunity to get for less than usual cost a valuable time-keeper.

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1. 6 Dozen Railway Watches, very heavy, strong and massive, sterling Silver cases, 3/4 plate Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 jewels, expansion chronometer balances, all adjusted for variations of temperature and position. Maker—RIVERSIDE WATCH CO.

Usual Shopkeeper's Prices Rs. 70 to 80—actual Price only Rs. 38 each.

2. 6 Dozen of smaller size, same high quality and same description as above, same make.

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(*Special warranty of 6 years with each Watch.*)

Note.—The special features of the above, besides their exceedingly good quality and the first-class materials they are made of, are their neat appearance and nice faces. A style not usually met with in this country.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY.—From the 1st of April next, G. A. CHARPIE & Co. shall be prepared to supply a new Keyless Campaign Watch, 3/4 plate, Horizontal movement, 4 ruby holes, for the Price of Rs. 7-2 to Rs. 7-6 nett—also a 3/4 plate Lever Watch with set hands from outside at Rs. 12 nett. These Watches with white or zone coloured enamelled dials. All accompanied by the usual warranty paper.

We have been engaged in this special manufacture for the last 12 months, and have reason to believe that these genuine cheap time-keepers will prove the best of any sold even for double their price.

G. A. CHARPIE AND CO.,
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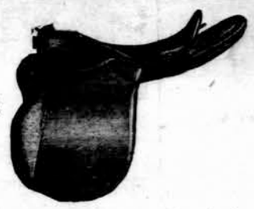
SADDLES FOR DISTRICT USE.



THESE Saddles are similar to the Military Regulation Saddles (illustrated above) combining all the advantages of the latter with the addition of being extra light (though *very* strong) and cheap.

Rs. 65. COMPLETE: **Rs. 65.**

We have just received a further Consignment, and from reports received from purchasers of our former stock,

WE CAN CONFIDENTLY RECOMMEND THEM.

For district work they are invaluable, being made to carry Saddle bags, Valise, etc., etc., and are easily re-stuffed, they have a clear channel from cantle to pommel, allowing a free passage of air, which, besides being cool and comfortable for the horse, prevents the possibility of a sore back, they are excellently shaped, have a good roomy seat and narrow grip, insuring a good and comfortable seat.

WHITE AND COLOURED DOESKIN SADDLES, ALLOVER PIGSKIN DO., CAVALRY, ARTILLERY AND INFANTRY OFFICERS' REGULATION SADDLES ALWAYS IN STOCK; ALSO A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF BRIDLES, WHIPS, BITS, AND SPURS, ETC., SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENGLISH-MADE HARNESS, ETC., ETC.

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Saddlers, Harnessmakers, Leather Merchants, and Importers,
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Cadbury's (REGISTERED) Cocoa
GUARANTEED PURE — GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.
Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for CADBURY'S COCOA. Always examine your Purchase. See that you have not been induced to accept an Imitation, and be wary of highly-coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa proclaims at once that it is not pure.

THE DAWN OF ANOTHER DAY.

"Out of eternity this new day is born,
Into eternity at night doth return.
Behold it aforetime no eyes ever did,
So soon it for ever from all eyes is hid.
Here hath been dawning another blue day,
Think, wilt thou let it slip useless away?"
—Fragment.

QUEEN'S HEAD HOTEL, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE, 4th June, 1877.
SIR,—Will you to-day allow me to present you with this Testimonial and Poem on your justly celebrated FRUIT SALT. Being the writer for several first class London Magazines, and my occupation being a very sedentary one, I came here for a few weeks, in order to see what change of air would do for me, and at the wish of some personal friends of mine here I have taken ENO'S FRUIT SALT, and the good results accruing therefrom have been my reason for addressing you.—I am, Sir, yours truly, A LADY.

Free from danger, free from harm.
It acts like some fairy charm;
At any time a dainty draught,
Which will dispel disease's shaft;
More priceless than the richest gold,
That ever did its wealth unfold;
And all throughout our native land,
Should always have at their command
Eno's famous Fruit Salt!
Cool and refreshing as the breeze,
To headache it gives certain ease;
Biliousness—it does assuage,
And cures it both in Youth and Age;
Giddiness it will arrest,
And give both confidence and rest;
Thirst it will at once allay,
And what the best in every way,
Why, Eno's famous fruit Salt!

"MANY sick people looked upon me as a physician. For a long time we had been in the centre of Africa without any medical man. Natives came with all manner of diseases. One day we had a man said to be mad. Whether mad or not, he was far from well, and I gave him a dose of Eno's Fruit Salt. The poor fellow came back next morning much better. His breath was no longer offensive, and he looked cheerful. From my very own supply of Fruit Salt was done; it was a favourite both with natives and Europeans, and is much used along the malabrian coasts."—"Africana," by the Rev. DUFF MACDONALD, M.A., B.D., Vol. II., p. 267.

INDIA AND ENO'S FRUIT SALT.—"Deoghar, Upper Assam, India, March 6th, 1880. "Dear Sir,—I desire to state the advantage which I, and many others in this part of the world, have derived from your FRUIT SALT. Unlike other value Aperients, it is not lowering in its action. I have used it on board ship in tropical latitudes, and both there and here I can honestly bear witness that its use has warded off fever over and over again. When taken in time it is invaluable. It is most popular in this part of North Eastern Asiatic India. From my extreme individual inconvenience arising from publicity I do not wish my name to appear, and merely subscribe myself, most truly yours, 'A PLANTER.'—J. C. ENO."

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle, and see that the capsule is marked "ENO'S FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Sold by all Chemists.

Prepared only at
ENO'S FRUIT SALT WORKS, HATCHAM, LONDON, S.E.

PIPECLAY SUPERSEDED!
To Officers Commanding European & Native Regiments.
USE PICKERING'S BLANCO
FOR THE GENERAL'S INSPECTION VISIT.

It smartens up all accoutrements customarily whitened. Suitable for Sepoy's Gaiters, and for Cavalry Gauntlets. Superior for Helmets and Belting. The Soldier can carry it in his knapsack. The Civilian will please see that his Native Servant substitutes BLANCO for the white chalk of the Bazaar, with which Ram Baksh streaks his master's helmet and "muds" his canvas shoes. BLANCO for every description of white Leather, Tennis Balls and Cricketing gear

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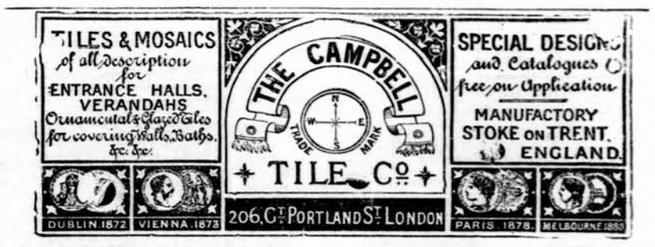
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The Best Cure for DEBILITY, INDIGESTION, LOSS OF APPETITE, ANÆMIA, and similar diseases ARISING from RESIDENCE IN THE TROPICS, is COD LIVER OIL. Most persons, however, especially in hot climates, either find it very disagreeable to take the ordinary oil, or are quite unable to do so; but the weakest will find

THEY CAN TAKE
JENSEN'S COD LIVER OIL,
FOR IT
NEVER "REPEATS"
AND IS ABSOLUTELY PURE AND TASTELESS.

There are many Cod Liver Oils in the market, and the proprietors of each naturally advertise their own as the best; we therefore beg that instead of relying on such statements, whether made by ourselves or others, Indian doctors and the Indian public will

READ what is said of Jensen's Cod Liver Oil by the very highest Authorities.

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"Of excellent quality, and practically no taste. Of much value in all wasting diseases.

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"We find practically that children take it well, even during the hottest months of the year."

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"The oil is much above the average, but little taste or smell, while rich in Iodine. It keeps better than the generality, is readily assimilable, and can be taken by persons of delicate gastric organisat on without fear of returning.

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ROYAL HOSPITAL, CHELSEA, S.W.
"After two months' trial of JENSEN'S COD LIVER OIL I pronounce it to be *the best and cheapest in the market.* It is a real pure fresh oil. Patients *who reject other oils can take this,* it is so bland. I consider that you will confer a boon by selling such a very fine oil at so moderate a price."

LONDON PRICES.—In Capsuled Bottles, each bearing the Trade Mark—"An Iceberg." Imperial Quarter Pint, 1/-; Half Pint, 2/-; Pint, 3/6; Quart, 6/6.

JENSEN'S COD LIVER OIL is the only brand sold with a guarantee of purity, and *the only Cod Liver Oil suitable for Hot Climates.*

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NOTICES.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

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BEECHAM'S PATENT PILLS. ST. HELENS LANCASHIRE

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes.

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in the human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills.

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medicine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates:—

9½d. size, 9 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 14 annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

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Prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Beecham St. Helens, Lancashire, England—in boxes 9½d., 1s 1½d., and 2s. 9d. each, with which full directions are given.

Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere.

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BOUTELLEAU & CO.'S BRANDY.

Qualities are denoted by daggers 1 to 6 on the neck of bottle,

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SUPERIOR IN QUALITY TO ALL OTHERS.
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The favorite WHISKY in Scotland.
NO BLENDS. 6 years in bulk.
Free from fusel oil.
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The only WHISKY consumed at the Glasgow Exhibition.
The most important distillery in Scotland.
Not a Whisky for the million, but those who can pay for a first quality Whisky.
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surpasses all others for its natural fragrance.
ESSENCE OF WHITE ROSE
FRANGIPANNE | YLANG YLANG
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and other well-known Perfumes are unequalled for their delightful and lasting odour.
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FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS,
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FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS,
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS,
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS,
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

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"I think it very useful." RUTLAND, Master of Belvoir Hounds.

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Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.

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